The Bombay Gazette.

No. 12,744—New Series. BOMBAY :—MONDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1889.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS GUIDE,
CONTAINING
The Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, Steam Boats, and Dak Companies, Bullock Trains and Transit Companies; the Routes between the principal towns of Northern, Central, Southern, and Western India, &c.
WITH A MAP OF INDIA.
Corrected up to March 1889.
BOMBAY:
Printed & Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press.
PRICE, 8 ANNAS.

CUTLER PALMER'S WHISKIES.
OLD, MATURE, AND EXCELLENT.
Note the names, and try one or other of the brands.
Prices from
Old Vatted Glenlivet and Special Reserve..
"Heart Bottle Whisky"—Scotch ... ...
"Napier Johnstone"—Square Bottle ...
"Glentromie" ... ...
"Cutler, Palmer's Finest Irish" ... ...
} Rs. 21 Rs. 23-12 per doz. bottles.
Examine cork, label, and capsule—of all Retailers.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	Friday. 1889.
BL CLYDE	4136	900	J. L. Parfitt	18th Oct.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weigholl	25th "
BL PENINSULAR	5590	10-0	J Orman	1st Nov.
† ASSAM	3038	500	C. Gadd	8th "
BL PESHAWUR	3927	600	L. H. Moule	15th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. Weigholl	22nd "
BL OCEANA	6500	1500	P. S. Youlin	29th "
ASSAM	3038	500	C. Gadd	6th Dec.
BL COROMANDEL	4500	800	I. Reeves	13th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H Weichell	20th "
BL KAISAR-I-HIND	1029	7-0	G. W. Atkinson	27th "

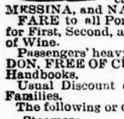
The steamers marked B L proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.
Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare from Brindisi to London by the mail route, and names are registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.
A steam-barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board
Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon, before 10 a.m. on the day of sailing.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	1889. On or about
KAISER-I-HIND	4029	700	W. Atkinson	21th Oct.
THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	7th Nov.

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.
For further particulars, apply to
H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 2nd September 1889.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO



THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA and *vice versa* at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES.
FARE to all Ports of Italy, Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine.
Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.
Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.
The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE:

Steamers.	Tons.	H.P.	Bombay.
DOMENICO BALDUINO.	5,000	800	20th Oct.
MANILLA	5,000	800	10th Nov.
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO	5,000	800	1st Dec.
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	20th Dec.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.
European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs 100, respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

Steamer. To sail
BISAGNO.....On the 8th November 1889.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to
R. PESCIO,
Acting Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Oct. 3, 1889.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
POSEIDON	L. Lemesich	4,200	600	5th Nov.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,000	650	5th Dec.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs.

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.
Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 2[illegible] and BRINDISI on the 24th of each month.
Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

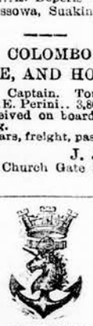
Steamer	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
MARIA TERESA	E. Deperis	4,000	550	10th Nov.

Calling at Aden, Massowa, Suakin, Jeddah, Suez, Port Said, and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
MELPOMENE	E. Perini	3,800	500	14th Oct.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.
For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply :
J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 5th Oct. 1889.



MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY.
FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.
TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE s. s. LA BOURDONNAIS will LEAVE BOMBAY on the 12th November 1889 at 3 p.m. FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN in connection with the Australian steamer Homeward-bound and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.
RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six, and nine months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.
THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway Fare from Marseilles to London.
A Steam Launch will leave the Apollo Bunder at 1 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on Board.
GUSTAVE RAT, Acting Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Commander.	Tons.	To sail.
ARABIA	Jas. Laird	3,514	4th Nov.

THE above vessel WILL SAIL as above. Carries a Surgeon and Stewardess and has every comfort for first-class passengers. All the state-rooms are on the upper deck.
For further particulars apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay, 9th Oct. 1889.

HOMEWARD PASSENGERS.

PASSAGES BOOKED by P. and O. and all other steamers without charge for commission. A pamphlet giving rates and full particulars forwarded on application. Grindlay's Handbook for Travellers may also be had free.
GRINDLAY, GROOM, AND Co., BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY AND Co., CALCUTTA.

HOT WEATHER RETREAT.

KHANDALLA HOTEL, Khandalla, and IGUTPURI HOTEL, Igutpuri.
These HOTELS are spendidly situated, and within easy distance from Railway Stations. Open to sea-breeze on every side, and commands a magnificent and a charming view all round.—Apply to
NANABHOY FRAMJEE & SONS,
Khandalla and Igutpuri.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "KILWA," 1,554 tons, at 11 a.m. on 20th October, calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE VIA KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, at 11 a.m. on WEDNESDAY, 16th October, and the

S. S. "ARABIA," 1,080 tons, at 11 a.m. on THURSDAY, 19th October, calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder, and Kutch Mandvie, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "CHINDWARA," 1,983 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 24th October, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, AND MOZAMBIQUE.

THE S.S. "MECCA," 1,450 tons, on or about 31st October.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S. S. "HUZARA," 2,078 tons, on or about SATURDAY, 26th October.

FOR MARMAGAO DIRECT.

THE S. S. "BUSHEER," 862 tons, on or about TUESDAY, 15th October.

FOR RANGOON.

THE S. S. "CHUPRA," 1,944 tons, on or about SATURDAY, 19th October.

The undersigned are prepared to accept Marine Risks on the Indian Imperial Marine Insurance Company, Ltd.
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 12th October 1889. Agents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

IRISH WHISKY.

THOSE who prefer an IRISH WHISKY will find our brand extremely good, our present holdings are finer and more mellow than usual, no Irish Whisky imported into India can be compared with it.
Cash Price, Rs. 21 per dozen.
TREACHER AND CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

ST. JULIEN MEDOC.

THIS popular Wine is much appreciated, and is in greater demand in India than any other brand. It is the pure product of the grape, neither "medicated" nor "doctored.
Price per doz. Quarts Rs. 11-4: Pints, Rs. 6-4
TREACHER AND CO., Limited,
WINE MERCHANTS
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

SUPERIOR PALE BRANDIES.

FROM THE CELEBRATED DISTILLERIES OF THE VINE-GROWERS' ASSOCIATION OF COGNAC.

		Cash
	TREACHER'S SPECIAL INVALID BRANDY, Matured for Medicinal use, 15 years old.....per doz.,	Rs. 68 0
000	TREACHER'S FINE OLD PALE COGNAC, the Celebrated "Heart-Labelled Brandy"	" 38 0
00	TREACHER'S OLD PALE COGNAC, a choice matured Spirit	" 34 0
0	TREACHER'S PALE COGNAC, a good "Peg" Brandy	" 30 0

TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

THE MODERN GLASS LEMON SQUEEZER,

MADE entirely of Glass it has simply to be placed on a Tumbler and half a Lime or Lemon pressed on it, the Glass ribs of the Squeezer enter into the Pulp, and the Juice passes through the openings into the Tumbler clear and bright.
Price As. 12 each.
KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

TABLE FRUITS.

JUST RECEIVED.
CRYSTALIZED FRUITS.

Apricots.	Mirabelle Plums.
Cherries.	Mixed Fruits.
Ginger.	Pears.
Greengages.	

Per bottle, Re. 1-8.
DESSERT FRUITS.

		Rs. a.
Currants, Dried Zante	per bottle	1 0
Figs, Turkey	"	1 10
Prunes, French	" Re. 1 and	2 0
Raisins, Muscatel	"	2 0
Do. with Almonds	"	2 4

PRESERVED FRUITS
in Syrup.

			Rs. a.
Apricots	per bottle		1 6
Do. (English)	" tin		1 4
Cherries	" bottle	Re. 1-6 and	1 12
Ginger	" jar		0 12
Peaches (English)	" tin		1 4
Do.	" bottle		1 8
Pears, Bartlett	" tin		1 4
Pineapples	" tin	14 as. and	1 2
Raspberries	" tin		0 12
Spray Corn	" tin		0 14
Strawberries	" bottle		1 6

TART FRUITS.

		Rs. a.
Apples	per bottle	0 11
Black Currants	"	0 13
Cherries	"	0 13
Cherries and Currants	"	0 13
Gooseberries	"	0 11
Greengages	"	0 13
Plums	"	0 11
Raspberries	"	0 14
Raspberries and Currants	"	0 14
Rhubarb	"	0 10

Pudding Raisins, per tin Re. 1-4.
KEMP & Co., Limited,
CUMBALLA HILL & BYCULLA.

NOTES ON INDIAN LAND REVENUE.

FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY,
BY
TODAR MAL
Price, Re. 1, Postage half anna,
Copies can be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

BEERS STOUTS AND CIDER.
TREACHER'S OWN BRAND
LIGHT PILSENER BEER.

BOTTLED at the Brewery specially for TREACHER & Co., LD., and highly recommended as the best Light Beer in the Indian Market. This Beer is supplied under the Company's usual guarantee as to quality and condition, and all those desirous of a "GENUINE LIGHT MALT LIQUOR" should give "TREACHER'S PILSENER" a trial.

Cash Price.		Cash Price.
Per dozen bottles .....Rs. 6 0	Per dozen half-bottles .....Rs.	4 0
Per case 4 doz. bottles ..... " 23 0	Per case 6 doz. half-bottles ..... "	23 0

SOLE AGENTS
FOR
JOHNSON & CO.'S CANTERBURY ALE.

This pleasant Bitter Beer has been imported by Treacher & Co. at the suggestion of a well-known Physician in Bombay, and is strongly recommended as one of the very best Beers in the Indian Market. It has the genuine bitter aromatic flavour of the Hop, does not contain an excess of Alcohol, and possesses in an eminent degree those refreshing, digestive, and tonic properties which should characterise all Beers.

Per dozen bottles..... .....Rs. 6 4 | Per dozen half-bottles .....Rs. 4 4

BASS'S BEER AND GUINNESS'S STOUT.
BOTTLED BY FOSTER AND SONS.

In the Home Market Messrs. Foster and Son's bottling is considered much the best, has by far the largest sale, and commands the highest price.
The Company are the Sole Agents for the Bombay Presidency.
Per dozen bottles, cash.....Rs. 6 12 | Per dozen half-bottles, cash.....Rs. 4 12

	Bottles.	Half-Bottles.
BASS'S BEER, L. G. A., by Stone, per dozen, cash	Rs. 6 4	Rs. 4 4
BASS'S BEER, L. B. A., by Foster and Sons	" 6 4	" 4 4
GUINNESS'S DUBLIN STOUT, by Burke and Co., per doz., cash	" 6 12	" 4 12
DEVONSHIRE CIDER, by Foster and Sons, per dozen, cash	" 8 0	" 5 8

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

TIVOLI BEER (PILSENER.)
"NON PLUS ULTRA" (EAGLE BRAND)
IN WHITE GLASS BOTTLES.

PRONOUNCED to be THE BEST BEER yet imported into the country.

PRICE.— { Rs. 22 per Case of 1 Dozen Quarts. " 16 " " " 4 " Pints.

AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY,
KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

BOURNE AND SHEPHERD,
PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTISTS.
STUDIO OPEN FOR PORTRAITURE
From 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.
VIEWS OF INDIA AND NATIVE CHARACTERS.
A large number to select from. Catalogues free by post on application.

BOURNE AND SHEPHERD
19, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.
AND AT
CALCUTTA AND SIMLA.

FINE OLD SCOTCH WHISKY,
A BLEND of FINE OLD CAMPBELTON and ISLAY,
Is a Rich, Mellow, and Soft Spirit, Genuine and Wholesome.
One of the best Whiskies imported into this country.
Per dozen, Rs. 24; Single bottle, Rs. 2, Jars at Rs. 11 per Gallon. Jars extra.
SPECIAL TERMS GIVEN TO HOTELS, CLUBS, AND OTHER LARGE CONSUMERS
THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
35, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

THORPE AND CO.

NEW SEASON'S STOCK.
HELMETS AND SUN HATS.
NOW ARRIVED.

	Rs. a.
ELLWOOD'S PATENT DOUBLE-BODIED AIR-CHAMBER HELMET with outer BULGE, best Drab Felt, strongly made, a splended protection	18 8
THE SAME MAKE as above, plain Helmet shape, without Bulge, DOUBLE-BODIED, splendid protection...	18 8
ELLWOOD'S EXTRA STOUT Drab Felt HELMET, felt under brim, well ventilated, good, strong, and lasting	10 8
ELLWOOD'S DRAB HELMET with BULGE, extra wide brim...	13 8
ELLWOOD'S DRAB "MELTON," a useful sun-hat	9 8
ELLWOOD'S DRAB "MELTON," with outer Bulge, DOUBLE-BODIED air-chamber, a splendid protection	17 8
ELLWOOD'S EXTRA STOUT White Drill Shooting Hat, body of cork and felt, really good and useful	13 8
ELLWOOD'S TAN HUNTING, as above	13 8
ELLWOOD'S REGULATION HELMET, covered, finest White Drill	13 8
HAWKE'S REGULATION HELMET, covered, fine White Doeskin...	20 0
TERAI HATS, Best Felt, Drab and Fawn, latest shapes... ...	14 8

LADIES'

CANTON DRAB FELT, similar in shape to Melton, a splendid protection	8 8
ELLWOOD'S DRAB MELTON, fine Felt, with extra Wide Brim, lined Silk, and Velvet pad	13 8
ELLWOOD'S DRAB FELT HELMET, the new Shape, well Ventilated and light lined Silk, and Velvet pad	13 8
ELLWOOD'S HELMET, covered fine White Drill, splendid protection, lined Silk, and Velvet pad	15 8
TERAI HATS, Best Felt, Drab, and Fawn...	14 8

THORPE AND CO.,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

CHRONOGRAPH WATCHES.

OUR long experience has taught us that perfection in these complicated Watches can only be arrived at when the mechanism is of the BEST MAKE.

As the above watches are used by many for racing purposes, it will be well understood that cheap and inferior ones are not only *useless* for the purpose, but they are *worse than useless* as being apt to give the horse's time incorrectly, occasioning probably very considerable monetary loss.

We are in a position to ensure better value to a buyer than any other watchmaker, owing to our being able to command the best make of watches to an extent which, we believe, is not obtained by any other watchmaker or importer this side of India.

Our firm being one of the oldest established houses in Bombay, we flatter ourselves we have obtained a reputation of the highest standing since the year 1869.

	Rs.
In Gold heavy Hunting Cases, best movement	550
Do. do. Crystal do. do.	450
Do. do. do. do. fair quality	375
In Silver, heavy Hunting Cases, best movement	300
Do. do. Crystal do. do.	275
Silver Hunting keyless Lever Chronograph Watch	140
Do. Crystal case do.	125
Gold plain keyless ¼ Repeater and Chronograph, second quality	580
Gold engine-turned, keyless Crystal *double Chronograph*, of highest quality. Instead of the single independent centre-seconds Needle controlled by the improved triple action, there are two Needles which can be started or stopped, or returned together or separately. Invaluable for timing matches	950
Another useful improvement on the Chronograph is the addition of a Minute-recorder. A small minute-hand is started, stopped, and returned on a dial of its own by the same actions which operate on the centre seconds-hand, highest quality	650
Silver keyless Crystal-face Chronograph, centre seconds and minute-dial, indicating up to thirty, a high-class watch	195
Do. do. do. do. second quality	150

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

ALCOCK, ASHDOWN & CO., LD.
ENGINEERS, BOILER-MAKERS, IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS,
SHIP AND MILL-WRIGHTS.

CONTRACTORS for the supply of Machinery and erection of Buildings for Cotton Flour, Sugar, Oil Mills, Distilleries, &c.
Manufacturers of all kinds of Cast and Wrought Iron Work of the heaviest description, Cotton Presses and Hydraulic Machinery, Mill and Rope Gearing, Ornamental Castings, Road Rollers, &c. Wheels made by Machinery up to 4 feet diameter. Cutters made for Wheel-cutting Machines.
To enable us to meet all Engineering and Trade requirements we have lately added to our Works some of the largest and heaviest Tools in India, and greatly extended our Foundry.
We are also prepared to furnish designs for Bridges, Girders, Roofs, &c., and to manufacture and erect same in any part of India.

TRADE MARK.

A GREAT WANT SUPPLIED! **VALVOLINE** THE ONLY BEST EVER OFFERED LUBRICANT!

Sole Agents for Messrs. Leonard & Ellis' Celebrated Valvoline Oils for Cylinders and Machinery.
For Downie's "Eucalyptus," Boiler Fluid, for preventing and removing Scale in Boilers.
" Messrs. Wormald & Co.'s Fibrous Non-conducting Composition for covering Steam Boilers and Pipes.
" The Climax Motor, for Baird's Sight-feed Lubricators.
Also Plate, Bar, and Angle Iron of the largest sections. Diamond, Silver and other Steel, and Engineers' Requisites of all descriptions kept in stock.
For Sale—Galloways and Cochrane's Boilers, Shank's Engines, Contractors' Pumps and all boiler fittings, pipes, cocks, &c.
WORKS AND OFFICES, DEFENCES WORKS, MAZAGON; AND BRANCH FACTORY, CARNAC IRON WORKS, NEAR CARNAC BRIDGE.

ALCOCK, ASHDOWN & HEPWORTH,
SECRETARIES AND MANAGERS.

BALLY PAPER MILLS Co., LD., CALCUTTA.
MAKERS OF

BADAMIES	BROWNS	BLOTTINGS
PRINTING, SUPR.	PRINTING, MEDIUM	PRINTING, COMMON
CARTRIDGES	COLOURS	COVER PAPERS.

ALSO WRITINGS

TO WHICH SPECIAL ATTENTION IS CALLED THEY ARE :
1. UNIFORM IN FINISH. More pleasant to write upon with any pen than either the highly glazed or rough antique so often sold in Indian markets.
2. UNIFORM IN COLOUR. The shade is suited to the climate, and does not deteriorate like English papers.
3. SIMILAR IN TEXTURE AND HARDNESS to English tub-sized papers, and 2 annas per lb. cheaper.
4. GENUINE PAPERS, and consequently more durable than many imported papers which look well but give no satisfaction to the user.

Large stocks of all classes are kept, and special rates given for contract orders.

C. MACDONALD & CO.
SOLE AGENTS.
APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.

PREPARING FOR THE PRESS.
THE
FALL OF MANDALAY,
BY
ZITO.
With which is combined a complete and practical Guide to Upper and Lower Burma.

THE Author accompanied the last Expedition under GENERAL SIR HARRY PRENDERGAST in November 1885 and remained in Upper Burma after the Conquest until June 1887.
The work will probably be ready for delivery on an early date, meantime Subscribers may register their names with
Messrs. DIPPIE & Co.
CALCUTTA.
A limited space only will be reserved in the GUIDE for advertisements, for which early application is invited.
In consequence of the difficulty in getting together reliable matter for the Guide portion of the work, and the preparation of numerous illustrations, which must be executed in England, some delay necessarily will arise in delivery. But intending Subscribers should not delay in registering their names at the above address.
DIPPIE & Co.,
AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS FOR THE AUTHOR.

INDIAN INDUSTRY,
Being a reprint of two Letters to the *Bombay Gazette* and a Lecture by
F. BEAUCLERK.
Price 8 Annas,
CAN BE HAD AT
THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."
Messrs. THACKER and Co., Bombay and Poona.
" COOPER, MADON and Co.
" THACKER, SPINK and Co., Calcutta
" HIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras.

BUGGY, SHIGRAM AND VICTORIA FARES,
With an Alphabetical Index of Buildings and
Places mentioned in the Fare list,
with number of Stands, &c.
Complete and easy reference.
Size 3 inches by 4½ inches.
Can be easily carried in the waistcoat pocket.
Cloth Limp Cover.
Price, Annas 4.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Press.
INDISPENSABLE TO TRAVELLERS IN INDIA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE PARSEE AMATEUR DRAMATIC CLUB

WILL GIVE THEIR FIRST PERFORMANCE
ON SATURDAY, 19TH OCTOBER,
AT THE
NOVELTY THEATRE,
When will be represented T. E. Wilk's Romantic Drama of the

SEVEN CLERKS,
OR
THE THREE THIEVES AND THE DENOUNCER,
AND
E. Mayhow and G. Smith's very amusing Farce of
MAKE YOUR WILLS.

THE PROCEEDS OF THE PERFORMANCE WILL BE GIVEN TO THE FUNDS OF THE PARSEE LYING-IN ASYLUM.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Box [to hold 4]....	Rs. 6 0	Dress Circle	Re. 2 0
Orchestra Stalls..	Rs. 3 0	Pit Stalls.....	Re. 1 8
Dress Circle, front row	Rs. 3 0	Gallery.....	Re. 1 0
Pit.....	Annas 8.		

Orchestra Stalls and Dress Circle Seats may be reserved at the *Kaiser-i-Hind Steam Press*, where a Plan of the Theatre can be seen.

Also Tickets for other classes can be had at the same Press.

The Dramatis Personæ are represented by Messrs. P. N. Wadia, Bomanjee Peroshaw, J. M. Curseljee Rustom, K. R. Cama, B. R. Bomonji, C. B. Pavri, A. F. Unwala, N. S. Sorj, D. E. Patel, S. M. Motishaw, S. Billimoria, and others.

THE COLABA LAND AND MILL COMPANY, LD.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND of Rs. 10 per share for the half-year ended 30th June 1889, will be paid on and after WEDNESDAY, the 16th October, instant, between the hours of 11 a.m. and 2 p.m., to those Shareholders whose names shall stand on the Company's Register this day, on production of share-certificates.

Application for Dividend-warrants to be made at the office of N. M. Wadia, Esq., Nos. 4 and 5, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

By order of the Board,
K. R. CAMA,
Secretary.

Victoria Bunder, Colaba, Bombay, 12th October, 1889.

THE BOMBAY COTTON PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the SEVENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 7, Cowasji Gaia Street, on WEDNESDAY, the Sixteenth day of October, 1889, at 3 p.m., to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Accounts made up to 30th June, 1889.
2. To confirm the nomination of Mr. Vissonji Khimji as Director of the Company.
3. To elect an additional Director of the Company under Clause 84 of the Articles of Association.
4. To elect a Director in place of Mr. Damjee Meghjee, who retires by rotation, but is eligible for re-election.
5. To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration; and to transact such other business as the Chairman may bring before the meeting.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 16th to 30th October, 1889, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
K. M. HEERAMANECK & CO.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, Oct. 9, 1889.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY,

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, Empress of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the Property and Credits of MADHAWRAO WISHWANATH, late of Mahim, Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant, deceased.

ANANDRAO WAMAN SHETE, the constituted Attorney of SHANKER MADHOW-RAO, one of Sons of the said Deceased .....Petitioner.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed Deceased, are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness, SIR CHARLES SARGENT, Kt., Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, the 3rd day of October, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-nine, and in the Fifty-third year of our Reign.

The Seal of the High Court at Bombay

J. W. ORR,
Registrar.

L. N. BANAJEE,
The 3rd day of Oct. 1889
Messrs. MANSUKHLAL, D. & JAMSETJEE,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

REAL EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES

BY
TH. VAFIADIS,
CAIRO,
AND IMPORTED ONLY BY
J. NEUBERG, BOMBAY,
SOLE AGENT FOR INDIA.

SPECIALS.....Rs. 4-8 per 100.
No. 1, EXTRA SUPERIOR... „ 3-12 „
No. 2, MEDIUM ..... „ 2-12 „

GUARANTEED FRESH AND SOUND.

J. NEUBERG,
5, *MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.*

GRAND SQUARE SYMPATHETIC PIANOS

BY R. LIPP AND SOHN, STUTTGART.

These deservedly popular instruments have been sent to all parts of India, and have given satisfaction everywhere. In the driest climates and again in the most humid they have always exhibited the most uniform and solid staying qualities. They are easy to the Touch, brilliant in Tone, and iron-bound throughout, with perfect Check-Repeating Action, and are *Manufactured especially for India to order.*

Price, Rs. 650.

Tin-lined Packing Case, Rs. 25,
or
on the HIRE-PURCHASE SYSTEM.
Particulars on application.

SOLE AGENT,
J. NEUBERG, BOMBAY.

THE MOST RELIABLE,

REGULAR, AND
PROMPT FIRM
OF
HORMUSJEE SORABJEE & CO.

who have hitherto MAINTAINED THEIR REPUTATION in face of KEEN COMPETITION and GREAT FALL in EXCHANGE, have been now REGISTERING

SUBSCRIPTIONS FOR 1890.

We beg to remind respectfully our NUMEROUS CUSTOMERS, both here and up-country, that all Orders for EUROPEAN NEWSPAPERS and PERIODICALS for 1890 are now being booked by us, and MUST BE REGISTERED before the 20TH NOVEMBER next.

The EXTENSIVE PATRONAGE enjoyed by this FIRM is, we trust, a sufficient GUARANTEE to INTENDING SUBSCRIBERS that their ORDERS will be EXECUTED WITH CARE and PROMPTITUDE.

Out of Numerous Testimonials we have been receiving every day, one may be given as under:—

Bombay Club, 20th September, 1889.

. . . . I have the pleasure to state that you have carried out PROMPTLY and SATISFACTORILY your first contract for the supply of EUROPEAN PERIODICALS and NEWSPAPERS to the CLUB during the past six months.—Yours, &c.,

JAS. B. HAWORTH,
Honorary Secretary.

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE & CO.,
26, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

SERIOUS REFLECTIONS and other CONTRIBUTIONS by the late GEORGE ABERIGE MACKAY under the *nom de plume*, OUR POLITICAL ORPHAN. Cloth bound, Rs. 2; Postage, 4 Annas.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOMBAY CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

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Engineering (with extra Nos).	30 0	22 8	34 0
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Field (with Supplement)	30 0	22 8	34 0
Funny Folks (with extra No).	8 8	5 0	10 0
Graphic (with extra Nos.)	26 0	22 8	25 0
Home News	24 8	21 0	23 0
Illustrated London News (with extra Nos.)	26 0	22 8	25 0
Illustrated Sporting and Dramatic News	30 0	22 8	34 0
Lancet	32 8	26 0	34 0
London Figaro	8 8	5 0	10 0
Mail (Tri-weekly). Reprint of London Times	34 0	22 8	38 0
Overland Mail	24 8	21 0	23 0
Pall Mall Budget	18 0	14 0	16 0
Pictorial World (with extra Nos.)	26 0	22 8	25 0
Public Opinion	11 8	8 0	12 0
Punch with Almanac	15 0	11 8	14 0
Queen (Ladies' Newspaper, with extra Nos.)	30 0	22 8	34 0
Saturday Review	24 8	21 0	23 0
St. James' Budget	24 8	21 0	23 0
Tablet	21 0	18 0	22 0
Tit Bits	8 8	5 0	10 0
Times Weekly Edition	11 8	8 0	12 0
Truth with Xmas No.	25 0	21 0	23 0
Vanity Fair	24 8	21 0	24 0
Weekly Register	15 0	11 8	14 0
World with Xmas No.	25 0	21 0	23 0
AMERICAN WEEKLIES.			
Illustrated Catholic American	15 0	14 0	16 0
New York Medical Journal	26 0	22 8	30 0
Scientific American	15 0	13 0	14 0
Scientific American (with Supplement)	20 0	27 0	30 0
ENGLISH MONTHLY PERIODICALS AND REVIEWS.			
Birmingham Medical Journal	7 0	6 0	5 0
Cassell's Family Magazine with Summer No.	10 0	6 0	5 0
Catholic Missions	4 8	3 8	3 0
Catholic Fireside with Xmas No.	2 8	2 4	1 8
Chambers's Journal	10 8	6 0	5 8
Contemporary Review	30 0	22 8	20 0
Cornhill Magazine	9 0	6 0	5 0
Dublin Medical Journal	22 8	18 0	15 0
Edinburgh Medical Journal	22 8	18 0	15 0
Family Herald	9 0	5 0	4 8
Fortnightly Review	30 0	22 8	20 0
Glasgow Medical Journal	22 8	18 0	15 0
Harper's Monthly Magazine, English Edition	16 0	12 8	9 8
Irish Monthly	7 0	6 0	5 0
Lamp	7 0	6 0	5 0
Leisure Hour	9 0	5 0	4 8
Longman's Magazine	11 4	6 0	5 0
Macmillan's Magazine	13 8	9 8	8 8
Marine Engineer	6 0	4 8	4 0
Merry England	13 8	10 0	9 0
Month	25 0	18 0	15 0
National Review	30 0	22 8	20 0
Nineteenth Century	30 0	22 8	20 0
Textile Manufacturer	12 0	10 0	9 8
Textile World	10 0	7 8	7 0
Textile Journal of Fabrics	12 0	11 0	10 0
Young Ladies' Journal	7 8	7 8	7 8
AMERICAN MONTHLY PERIODICALS AND REVIEWS.			
Ave Maria	13 8	11 0	10 0
Catholic World	25 0	18 0	15 0
Harper's Monthly Magazine	16 0	15 0	18 0

NOTE.

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N.B.—Any other Papers, Periodicals and Reviews can be procured at above rates. Please name them.

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Agents.

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Funds in Government Securities and remain in India.

THE Association provides security for the Intromissions and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

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COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY.
FIRE LIFE AND MARINE.
CAPITAL—£2,500,000.
FUNDS EXCEED—£1,950,000.

THE above Company INSURES almost every description of FIRE and SEA RISK and accepts LIFE PROPOSALS at advantageous rates on the shortest notice

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ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B41 PILLS

warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary, Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional) Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors: THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England.

CONTAMINATIONS

of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood-Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the *cause* from the blood and bones. Of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s. per bottle. Thousands of testimonials.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
7, MARINE STREET.

HANDSOME ENGLISH-BUILT CARRIAGES FOR SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 14th inst., at 2-30 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms the undermentioned handsome English-built carriages—

1 new light canoe-shaped landau, suitable for a single horse,
1 new light square shaped landau, suitable for a single horse,
1 new light double-seated miniature brougham, suitable for a single horse,
1 light victoria, suitable for a single horse,
1 canoe-shaped C spring barouche.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 14th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—

10 bales grey shirtings,
8 „ „ dhoties,
10 „ „ T cloth,
2 cases T red cambrics.

By order of the concerned, and on account and at the risk of Abdoolally Essabhoy—

224 corges 8 reels gold lamattr, No. 8, 19 oz.

By order of the concerned, and on account and at the risk of Ladha Nathoo—

KL-1944—5 1 case silk embroidered gauze.

On account of the concerned—

400 boxes bar soap.

On account of the concerned—

E P M H—10 cases gilt and painted glass shades.
A M K—3 cases exercise books.

On account and at the risk of Adam Sajun—

6 pieces venetian mirrors.

On account and at the risk of Merwanjee Nowrojee—

B R and B—7023—1 case gilt mouldings, ex s s Huzara
B R and B 7693—1-4—4 cases plate glass, ex s s Balimbo
B R and B 7615—1-2—2 cases plate glass, ex s s Henzada

By order of the concerned and on account and at the risk of Esmailjee Mahomedally

1070 3543-44—2 cases each 100 gross lonz chains,

On account and at the risk of Abdoolally Essabhoy—

1089 3249—1 case 25 pieces 36 inch plain colored silk satins,
4765—1 „ 16 „ 18½ inch plain colored velvet,

On account and at the risk of Hajee Dada Aba—

1076 2881—1 case 25 gross elastic belts.

On account and at the risk of Jaffer Peer Mahomed—

6231—1 case 20 dozen alpaccs umbrellas.

AT 2 P.M.

1 strong serviceable office shigram,
1 „ „ double seated brougham,
1 „ „ mail-phaeton.

The property of a deceased Parsee gentleman—

1 strong and light victoria,
1 „ office-shigram,

And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

On WEDNESDAY, the 16th October, at 1 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Marine Street, Fort, next to their Auction Rooms, the handsome carved and plain, blackwood and teakwood household furniture, plated, crockery and glass ware, a mahogany cottage pianoforte, pictures, carpets, lamps, &c., the property of a deceased Parsee gentleman.

The property will be on view from to-morrow.

SALE OF COTTON SHIRT, NIGHT CAPS, SOCKS AND STOCKINGS.

On THURSDAY next, the 17th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms on account of the parties concerned—

About 9,349½ doz. night caps of different qualities.
„ 360 „ shirt „
„ 111 „ drawers „
„ 16 „ stockings „
„ 127½ „ socks „

Also sundry shirts, night caps, shawls, cloth paper, &c.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, October 14 1889.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 5, APOLLO STREET.

On WEDNESDAY, the 16th instant, at 1 p.m. Messrs BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Bellasis Road, Byculla, next to Messrs Kemp and Co's shop, a lot of very handsome and rich Bohemian glass 36, 30, 24, 18, 12, 8 and 16 lights chandeliers, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 and 12 lights argand lamps, large size pier glasses in gilt frame, black and teakwood carved couches with rich damask lining, very rich velvet and Brussels carpets, 1, 2, and 3 lights wall shades, chairs, book-cases, &c.

Catalogues are published, and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF HANDSOME ENGLISH AND COUNTRY BUILT CARRIAGES.

On THURSDAY, the 17th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Meadow Street, Fort, below Mr. Nusserwanji Manockjee Petit's office:

1 English-built glass fronted miniature brougham, suitable for single horse.
1 English-built C spring open carriage by "Peter."
1 do Mail-phaeton.
1 do Victoria phaeton by "Hart."
2 do New glass fronted miniature brougham.
3 do Miniature new Landaus.
3 do New victoria phaeton.

The above will be on view from to-morrow.

AUCTION SALE OF LOST LUGGAGE PROPERTY AT VICTORIA TERMINUS, BOREE BUNDER.

On FRIDAY, the 18th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the above mentioned place—

A quantity of unclaimed articles and lost luggage.

AUCTION SALE of valuable bungalow and a garden, &c., at Bandora, on the south side of St. Peter's Church, fronting the Bandora Hill Road, and known as "Souza Lodge."

On WEDNESDAY, the 6th November next, at 4 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, on the premises, by order of the owner, the following immovable property:—

All that piece or parcel of garden, land or ground, together with the bungalow, standing thereon, situate at Bandora, near "Ranwar," and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 398, Pot No. 5, containing by admeasurement 1428 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded as follows:—On the east by the property of Rustomjee Aga, on the north by the public road, on the south by a public lane, and on the west by a public passage, and which said premises are now in the occupation of the vendor.

For further particulars and condition of sale application may be made to Mr. Ardasir Eduljee Commis ariat walla, at Messrs. Wadia and Ghandy, Solicitors, Hummum Street, or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, October 14, 1889.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.
No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS.

NOTICE.

SALE of the right of occupancy of the New Mutton Stall at Esplanade Road Market (Null Bazaar), advertised by order of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, to be sold THIS DAY, has been postponed to 28th, instant.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR CAPITALISTS.
SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTIES.

(The Estate of Pestonjee Merwanjee Tuback.

By order of Bai Dinbai, widow, the administratrix of the late Mr. Pestonjee Merwanjee Tuback, Messrs MEHRJEE JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the undermentioned days, time and place, the following valuable landed properties, viz.:—

LOT No. 1.—On MONDAY, the 28th instant, at 1 p.m. on the premises.

All that piece of land, situate at Colaba, in the City and in the Registration district of Bombay, registered by the Collector of land Revenue under old No. 24, new No. 1921, old Survey No. 18, new Survey No. 9078, and containing by admeasurement nine hundred and twenty-seven square yards, together with the bungalow and outhouses standing thereon, and assessed by the Municipality under ward No. 201, and street No. 287, all which premises are bounded on or towards the east by the sea-shore or sea-beach, on or towards the west by the public road, leading to the Government Light House, on or towards the north by the other property belonging to the estate of Pestonjee Merwanjee Tuback, deceased, being the property hereinafter secondly described, and on or towards the south partly by the sea-shore and partly by the property formerly of Burjorjee Ruttonjee and Nowrojee Ruttonjee Cooper but now of their heirs, and is now in the occupation of Elizabeth Ingle.

LOT No. 2.—On TUESDAY, the 29th instant, at 4 p.m., on the premises.

All that piece of land, situate at Colaba, in the city and registration district of Bombay, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 23, new No. 1920, old survey No. 17, new survey No. 9078, and containing by admeasurement 2024 square yards, together with the bungalow and outhouses standing thereon, and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, under Ward No. 205, and street No. 289, all which premises are bounded on or towards the east by the sea-shore or sea-beach, on or towards the west by the public road leading to the Government Light House, on or towards the north by other property belonging to the estate of the said Pestonjee Merwanjee Tuback, being the property hereinafter thirdly described, and on or towards the south by the property hereinabove firstly described, and are now in the occupation of W. Laythorpe, Esq.

LOT No. 3.—On WEDNESDAY, the 30th instant, at 4 p.m., on the premises.

All that piece of land, situate at Colaba, in the city and in the registration district of Bombay, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's old No. 22, Collector's new No. 1919, old survey No. 16, old survey No. 246, new survey No. 9078, and containing by admeasurement 2,596 square yards, together with the bungalow and outhouses standing thereon, and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, under ward No. 205, and street No. 291, all which premises are bounded on or towards the east by the sea-shore or sea-beach, on or towards the west by the public Road leading to the Government Light House, on or towards the north partly by the land forming the Government Timber yard, and partly by the sea-shore, and on or towards the south by the property hereinabove secondly described, and are now in the occupation of J. Hill, Esq.

LOT No. 4.—On THURSDAY, the 31st instant, at 4 p.m., on the premises.

All that piece of land of the quit and ground-rent tenure, situate at and on the west side of Moodikhana Street, in the city and the registration district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 105 square yards or thereabouts, and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 768 and new No. 4-2093, together with the dwelling-house standing thereon, and assessed by the municipality of Bombay, under ward No. 2069, street No. 172, all which premises are bounded, on or towards the east, by the Modykhana Street, on or towards the west by the property now or formerly of Mopla Chowkran Kelat Bajachee Kaca on or towards the north by Chima Street, and on or towards the south by the property now or formerly of Haji Abdool Nubee, and are now in the occupation of the tenants of the estate of the said Pestonjee Merwanjee Tuback.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Ardeshir, Hormusjee and Dinshaw, solicitors to the vendor, or to the undersigned.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, October 14, 1889.

NOTICES.

TENDERS are invited to CONSTRUCT a DAM across the entrance of the B. I. S. N. Co.'s Dry Dock, say about 80 feet, east of gates, of sufficient strength to keep the Dock dry while he gates are under repair. The tenders to be sent on or before SATURDAY, the 19th instant, to the undersigned. The construction of the Dam must be completed in twenty days from the date of signing the agreement. For further information apply to Captain A. C. Clark, after 12 o'clock each day. The advertiser does not guarantee to accept the lowest or any tender.

ABDUL HUBEEB ABDULLAH,
Agent to Owner of the Dock, New Kazi Street.

Bombay, 10th October, 1889.

ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER.

WE have been APPOINTED AGENTS to Messrs. SIEMENS BROTHERS and Company, Limited, and are prepared to receive enquiries for installations on their system.

JOHN FLEMING and Co.,
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

Bombay, 28th September 1889.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned begs to inform Ladies that she SUPPLIES WET-NURSES and DOMESTIC SERVANTS to all parts of India and England, and also takes entire charge of Infants in her Nursery at moderate rates.

The business is of several years' standing and possesses good testimonials. Apply to

MRS. M. MOLESWORTH,
Wet Nurse and Servants' Agency, Agra.

MESSRS. W. T. CROCKETT & Co., of 6, Poultry, London, E.C., give notice that they have OPENED a Branch of their firm at No. 6, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, from 1st June last, of which they have APPOINTED Mr. CRUSTNATH BALCRISHNA their Manager, who will sign for them P. pro.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

1. TENDERS are invited for carrying out certain ADDITIONS and ALTERATIONS to the SUBMARINE MINING BUILDINGS at Butcher's Island, of which full particulars may be obtained at the offices of the Executive Engineer, Bombay Defences, Middle Colaba.

2. Tenders, which must be sealed and accompanied by Rs. 500 as earnest money, will be received at 12, noon, on THURSDAY, 17th October 1889.

3. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

E. C. SPILSBURY, Captain, R. E.
Ex. Engr. B Defences.

Bombay Defences Office, Middle Colaba, 5 h October 1889.

THE KUTCH MANDVI STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that a SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the above Company will be held on FRIDAY, the 18th October 1889, at 2 p.m. at the registered Office of the company, 93, Bazaar Gate Street, in Mr Ebjee Sewjee's house to confirm the following special resolution passed at the General Meeting of the company's shareholders:—"That article 115 of the Company's Articles of Association be altered by striking out the words 'a commission at the rate of five per cent. on the annual gross income of the Company,' and substituting in that place, 'a commission at the rate of ten per cent. on the annual net profit of the Company'."

By order,
KHATAU JIVANDAS & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers, and Agents.

FORT PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND of Rupees (150) One Hundred and Fifty per Share, has been declared for the year ending 30th June 1889, and will be payable at the office of the undersigned, on and after THURSDAY, the 10th October 1889, to all Registered Shareholders on production of Share Certificates.

By order of the Directors,
GLADES & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

No. 6, Horaby Row, Fort, 9th October, 1889.

NOTICE.

WITH reference to Notice No 15 in the *Bombay Government Gazette*, dated 5th September 1889, pages 38 and 39, SEALED TENDERS in the form used in the Commissariat Department will be received by the Commissariat Store-keeper-General, Madras, up to 1 o'clock p. m. on THURSDAY, the 31st October 1889, for the supply of the following quantities of Indian Black Tea to be delivered at the undermentioned Commissariat Stores. The Commissariat Store-keeper General, Madras or as may be ordered by him, on or before the 30th April 1890, free of all charges:—

	Earnest Money.
Bangalore ..... lbs. 42,580	Rs. 50
Belgaum ..... „ 26,26	„ 350
Bellary ..... „ 15,0.0	„ 200
Cannanore ..... „ 7,001	„ 100
Madras ..... „ 27,373	„ 360
Secunderabad 57,869	„ 760
Wellington ..... „ 14,450	„ 200

For further particulars apply to the Commissariat Store-keeper-General, Madras.

[By order of the Comy.-General, Madras.]

G. F. WATSON, Captain,
Comt. Store-keeper-Genl.

Commt. Store-keeper-General's Office, Madras, 27th August 1889.

THE AGRA SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

(INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, 1882.

CAPITAL, Rupees Five Lacs. Issue at par of Rupees Three Lacs in Debentures of Rupees Five hundred each, ranking *pari passu* as a first charge on all the assets of the Company. Principal payable on Fourth 30th September 1898. Interest at Eight per cent. per annum, payable on the Thirty-first January and Thirty-first July in each year.

The Debentures are payable to bearer and transferable by delivery.

The Interest is payable at the Agra Bank at Bombay or Agra in accordance with the coupons annexed to the Debentures.

Payment of principal and interest is also secured by a mortgage and trust deed, dated 14th September 1889 and made between the Company of the one part and John Marshall and Walter Thacker, both of Bombay, of the other part, whereby all the land, buildings, engines, boilers, machinery, plant, stock, debts, furniture, chattels and effects now and during the continuance of the security possessed by the Company, are vested in the said John Marshall and Walter Thacker as trustees for the Debent re-holders to secure the principal and interest due on the Debentures and whereby full powers are given to such trustees for enforcing and realising the benefit of such securites for the Debenture holders.

Forms of application for debentures to be obtained at the company's Offices at Agra and Bombay and at the Agra Bank at Bombay, who are also authorised to receive the purchase-money thereof if and when allotted.

For the Agra Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited,
SHIBSHANKAR.

THE BOMBAY WOOLLEN MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Limited.

THE above Company is now prepared to SUPPLY BLANKETS, BROAD-CLOTHS, and other WOOLLEN GOODS, in all colours and dimensions. Samples and prices on application to the undersigned.

EWART, LATHAM & Co.,
Agents.

INDIAN IMPERIAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

WE have been APPOINTED AGENTS to the above Company and are prepared to accept Marine risks on the most favorable terms.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE, & Co.,
Agents.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA.

THE RATE of INTEREST allowed on deposits fixed for one year is to-day INCREASED from 4½ per cent. per annum to 5 per cent. per annum.

By order of the Court of Directors,
J. C. BERGENDAHL,
Agent.

Bombay, 1st June 1889.

FRESH CONSIGNMENTS OF BEST AND CHEAPEST REAL GERMAN CIGARS, TURKISH CIGARETTES, AND REAL MEERSHAUM PIPES,

JUST RECEIVED.

As also of fresh TRICHYS and JAVA CIGARS of choice selected Oakes and Co's Beehives, Ameer do Javas, &c., of best flavour and aroma specially prepared for

MORGAN AND COMPANY,
No. 22, Corner of Medows and Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay.

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY & Co.—CALCUTTA.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept. No COMMISSION charged. INTEREST allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance when not under Rs. 1,000. ACCOUNTS rendered half-yearly up to 30th June and 31st December. CHEQUE and PASS BOOKS furnished. GOVERNMENT CURRENCY NOTES of any circle of payment and approved CHEQUES on CALCUTTA and MADRAS received at par. CHEQUES on LONDON cashed or sent for collection.

PAY and PENSIONS realised free of charges except when under guarantee to Government.

LAYS OF THE LAW—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in VERSE after the manner of various other great poets; by W. E. H. PRICE Re. 1-8 postage, annas

BANKS.

THE AGRA BANK, LIMITED.

CAPITAL—£1,000,000

RESERVE FUND—£1,05,000.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.

DEPOSITS received available at any time, for Remittance to England in the Bank's Bills and interest allowed thereon at the rate of 3 (three) per cent. per annum.

DEPOSITS are also received for fixed periods on terms which may be learnt on application.

DRAFTS granted at the exchange of the day on London, Scotland, Ireland, and the Bank's Agencies in the East.

CIRCULAR NOTES, issued, negotiable in the principal places in Europe.

GOVERNMENT and other STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.

INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected; and every other description of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.

All Remittances should be made payable to the Agra Bank, Limited.

JAMES GREENWOOD,
Manager.

THE NATIONAL MORTGAGE BANK, Ld. BOMBAY.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act.
Capital, Rs. 2,00,000 in Shares of Rs. 25 each.

LOANS.

The Bank makes advances on Government Securities, Bank and Joint-stock Shares, Jewellery, Bonded Goods, House Properties and Estates, and such other Negotiable Securities.

DEPOSITS FOR FIXED PERIODS.

Deposits for Fixed Periods are received at the following advantageous rates, and receipts issued for sums of Rs. 100 and upwards:—

(INTEREST PAID QUARTERLY OR HALF-YEARLY.)

6 per cent. per annum for 12 months certain.			
5	„	9	„
4	„	6	„
3	„	3	„

SUMS OF Rs. 1,000 and upwards for longer periods received at SPECIAL RATES.

All REMITTANCES should be made PAYABLE to THE NATIONAL MORTGAGE BANK, LIMITED, BOMBAY.

LYALL, HENDERSON & Co.,
Secretaries and Agents.

Bombay, 1st Aug. 1889.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL	$7,500,000
RESERVE FUND	$4,400,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	$7,500,000

HEAD OFFICE, HONGKONG.

COURT OF DIRECTORS:

Chairman—W. H. FORBES, Esq.
Deputy-Chairman—H. L. DALRYMPLE, Esq.

Hon. John Bell-Irving.	S. C. Michaelson, Esq.
W. G. Brodie, Esq.	J. S. Moses, Esq.
T. E. Davies, Esq.	L. Paessnecker, Esq.
J. F. Holliday, Esq.	N. A. Siebs, Esq.
Hon. B. Layton.	E. A. Solomon, Esq.

Chief Manager—G. E. NOBLE, Esq.

LONDON BANKERS—LONDON & COUNTY BANKING Co., Ld.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

Amoy.	Hankow.	Penang.
Bankok.	Hiogo.	Saigon.
Batavia.	Hollo.	San Francisco
Bombay.	Lyons.	Singapore.
Calcutta.	Manila.	Tientsin.
Foochow.	New York.	Yokohama.
Peking	Hamburg	

BOMBAY AGENCY.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent. on daily balances.

On Fixed Deposits, for 12 months, at 5 per cent.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	All	13 pct.	970
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	All	10 do.	980
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	All	14 do.	500
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	100	All	6 do.	122
Hong. and Shanghai.	60,000	3,125	..	17½ do.	£21
National Bank	37,320	250	125	5 do.	170 xd

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Bombay Fire	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 100	875 xd
Empire Fire	..	5,000	1,000	Rs. 75	800
Indian Fire	110	4,000	1,000	Rs. 90	1,010
Prince of Wales.....	250	8,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,75

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	200	1,250	1,250	Rs. 75	1,175
Albert Ginning Co....	100	500	500	Rs. 20	
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	100	1,100	1,100	Rs. 100	700
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	Rs. 20	265
Bellary	620	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	415
Breul's Cawnpore P.	0	20	2	Rs. 15	105
Bombay Cotton Press.	100	2	125	Rs. 20	132½
Colaba Press Co.	0	1,880	1,880	Rs. 265	415
East India Press Co...	0	1,000	1,000	Rs. 130	1,100
English Press & Mfg.	400	250	..		240
Fort Press Co....	150	8,500	8,500	Rs. 0	1,460
French Press Co.	500	500	500	Rs. 80	500
Harvey & Sabapathy Khangaum Cotton Press Co	240	450	All	Rs. 45	370 xd
Manmar Manig. Co....	1,400	250	250	Rs. 25	247½
Mercantile Press	1,000	125	125	Rs. 0	55
Mofussil Co	3,125	400	400	Rs. 50	415 x l
New Berar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,350	500	500	Rs. 45	515 xd
New Indian Press....	1,000	125	125	Rs. 11	85
Prince of W. Press ...	600	500	100	Rs. 30	100
Sabapathy Press Co. Ld., (Bellary.)	500	500	500	Rs. 50	500
Sind Press Co.....	400	2,000	750	Rs. 50	495
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.....	100	1,300	1,000	Rs. 120	1,150
Sassoon Press Co.....	300	500	50	Rs. 25	515
Volkart Press.....	605	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	6 0
Khamgaum Manfg. Co	400		250		250 x l

MISCELLANEOUS.

cock Ashdown	1,000 / 750	200 / 150	200 / 150	10 / p.ct	202 / 152
Badham Pile & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 16	140
Bapty Co., Ld.	625		185	Nil	60
Bombay Land & Building Co., Ld...		00	0	6 p.c.	605
Bombay Flour Mill Co.	750	500	500	10 p.c.	625
Bombay Ice Co., Ld..	1,250	100	100	Rs. 5	89
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation. Do. (3rd Issue) ...	1,000	2,500	165	Rs.	3,525
	2,000	62	375	Rs.	890
Municipal Bonds	...	...	...	p.c	106
Clydesdale Dyeing Co.	1,000	500	...	...	3.0
Cooper, Madon Ld ...	3,000	100	100	Rs	10
Deccan Paper Mills ...	1,000	500	500	Nil	47 m
Delhi and Northern India Flour ...	1,500	200	200	...	155
Geyer & Co., Ld.	500	100	40	...	40
Indian Guaranteed Suretyship As.....	5,000	100	10	10 p.c.	11
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	12,000	25	25		.5
Kurrachee Lighterage	500	256	250	...	75
Kemp & Co., Ld.....	4,000	200	175	Rs. 36	370
Marcks & Co., Ld.....	4,000	00	100	Rs. 10	75
Napier Hotel Co.....	300	100	100	13 p.c.	60
Napier Foundry	500	100	100	...	9 m
Oriental Government Security Life As.	5,000	200	50	10 p.c.	210
Oriental Loan Asso.	5,000	20	20	8 p.s.	21
Port Canning Co.	6,000	000	1000	Rs. 20	390
Royal Flour Mills	2,000	100	100	Nil	65
Phillips & Co., Ld.....	4,000	100	100	Rs.	99
Soundy & Co., Ld.....	1,000	100	...	9 p.c.	99
Southwell and Austin.	1,000	...	95	...	8½
Telephone Co., Ld.....	19,000	...	500	Rs. 5-8	11
Treacher & Co., Ld....	1,300	500	100	Rs. 85	1,290
Thacker & Co., Ld....	1,500	100		Rs. 10	130
Western India Flour M Mcdy & Co...	000	1	125	Nil.	35 48

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES

Ahmedabad S. & W.	1,308	1,00	1,000	R.	1300
Albert Edward Mills		6	500	R.	350
Anglo-Indian Spinning & Mfg. Co., Ld.	9,345	100	100	2	84
Alfred Mfg. Co., Ld..	1,000	500	250	...	200
Ahmedabad Ginning	700	1,000	1,000	...	...
Ahmedabad Mfg. & Calico Printing Co.,	4,800	125	125	...	...
Ambica S. & M. Co..	600	1,00	1,00	Rs. 25	
Alliance Cotton Mfg.	1,800	1,00	1,00	Rs. 20	540
Bellary S. & W. Mills	871	50	50	Rs. 22	535
Bombay Cotton Mfg.	600	50	50	Rs. 25	430
Bombay National Mfg Co., Ld.	700	1,000	1,000		630
Bombay United S. & W. Co.	900	1,00	1,00	Rs. 2	760
Manufacturing Co., Ld.	2,750	25	200	Rs. 0	140
Cent al India S. & W. & Mfg. Co., Ld.	4,500	50	50	Rs. 50	1,210
City of Bombay Mfg. Ld	700	1,00	1,00	Rs. 0	1,010
Colaba Land & Mill Ld	4,000	70	70	Rs. 25	65
Connaught Mills Ld..	840	0	50	Rs. 1	60
Coorla S. & W. Ld....	1,200	1,000	1,00	Rs. 40	475
David Mills Co., Ld..	1,600	5	Rs. 40	Rs. 25	510
Dhun Mills, Ld.....	1,000	1,00	1,00	Rs. 50	1,000
Empress S. & W. Co.	1,415	50	50	Rs.	(8)
Framjee Petit S. and Mfg. Co., Ld.	250	1,00	1,00	Rs. 25	525 xd
Gordon S. & Mfg. Co	700	150	15	Rs. 20	130
Gujrat Ginning & Mfg. Co., Limite....		1,00	1,000	...	10
Guzerat S. & W. Co.,	420	1,000	1,00	...	83
Hindustan S. & W. Mills Co., Ld.....	1,200	1,00	1,00	Rs. 40	775 xd
Howard & Bullough Mills Co., Ld.	1,500	50	50	...	670
Hingunghat Mill Co.,	700	575	50	Rs. 37	7 5
Hyderabad Deccan S.	700	1,00	1,00	Rs. 3	705
Indian Mfg. Co., Ld..	600	1,000	1,00	Rs. 5	95 xd
Imperial Cotton Mills	1,360	500	50	Rs. 2	5.0
Jamshed Mfg. Co..	1,600	25	25	Rs. 1	305
James Greaves Mill	1,320	50	50	Rs. 2	700
Jaffer Ali S. & W. Co., Ld., Original.. Increased ...	600	50			10
	1,483	28	2	Rs. 1	
Jubilee Mfg. Co Ld....	...	900	1,000	...	785
Jewraj Jalloo S. & W.	1,100	1,00	1,00	Rs. 40	920 xd
Khandesh S. & W.	750	1,00	1,000	Rs. 40	610
Khattow Makanjee S.	1,000	1,00	1,00	Rs. 40	605
Lukhmidas Khimjee	1,000	00	1,00	Rs. 40	905 xd
Leopold S. Bleaching	3,500	0	200	Rs. 5	155
Madras United S.	500		1,00	Rs. 100	1,350 xd
Mahaluxmi S. & W.	650	1,00	1,00	Rs. 25	600
Maharaja Mysore S.	4,500	100	100	Rs. 7	105
Mazagon S. & Mfg.	5,000	250	250	Rs. 5	125
Morarjee Goculdas S.	1,2 0	1,00	1,00	Rs. 75	1,150
Maneckjee Petit Mfg.	4,050	1,00	1,00	Rs. 50	1,150
Naigaum Cotton Cleaning and Mfg.	1,300	1	100		10
New Great Western	1,500	1,0	1,00	Rs. 25	650
National S. & W. Co	600	1,00	1,00		250
Oriental S & W. Co..	5,720		62	Rs. 10	385
People of India S. ..	1,000	50	250	Rs.	65
Presidency Mills Co..	743	1,00	1,00	Rs. 10	1,075 xd
Prince of Wales S. ..	2,185		125		30
Queen S. & W. Co..	799	1,00	1,00	Rs. 50	805
Ripon Mfg. Co., Ld ..	641	1,00	1,00	Rs. 5	1,110
asson S.& W.Co.,Ld.	1,500	1,00	1,00	25	1,150
Sassoon and Alliance Silk Mill Co., Ld....	1,710	50	500	...	500
Sholapore S.& W.Co.		10	1,00	Rs. 60	1,300
Soonderdas S. & W	650	1,00	1,00	Rs. 5	110
Southern Mahratta S. & W. Co., Ld.	2,400	250	252	Rs 15	275
Swadeshi Mills Co, Ld	4,000	500	500	...	500
Star of India	1,000	1,00	1,00	Rs. 4	765
Victoria Mfg. Co., Ld.	600	0	1,00	Rs. 25	550
Veeramgaum S.& Mfg	800	500	500		
Western India S. ..	1,200	1,00		Rs. 25	525

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each	Rs. 14-12-9
Carolus	,, 247
Mexican Dollars	,, 224
Five-Franc Pieces	,, 255
Bar Silver, 17½ be ternes	,, 106-7
Gold Leaf	,, 23-6
Bar Gold, 10 oz. English, 100 touch	,, 23-8-6
Australian Gold, 100 touch	,, 23-8-6
Lombay Bar Gold, 100 touch	,, 23-8
Pekin do.	,, 23-3-9

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, &c.

Four per cent	99½
Four-and-a-half per cent.	102½
Municipal 5 per cent. Debenture Loans	105
Six per cent. Municipal Loan House Rate....	..
New French Loan 5 pr. ct. 1872.....	..
City of Paris Loan	93½
Port Trust Bonds.....	96½

EXCHANGE.

	Terms.	Rate
London Banks.....	On demand	Is. 4 5-16d.
Do. do.	Telegraphic	Is. 4 9-32d.
Do. do.	3 Months' sight.	Is. 4 13-32d.
Do. do.	4 Do do...	Is. 4 7-16d.
Do. do.	6 Do. do...	Is. 4¼d.
Do. Credit	3 Do do...	Is. 4 17-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do do...	Is. 4 21-32d.
Do. Documents.	3 Do do...	Is. 4 9-16d.
Do. do.	6 Do do...	Is. 4 11-16d.
rances.....	3 Do do...	74¼
Do.	6 Do do...	173½
Calcutta	At sight	100 1-16
Do.	60 days do...	99¼
Madras	At sight	100 1-16
Do.	30 days' do...	
China	60 Do. do...	222

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 11th October, 1889.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·791
Temperature of the Air	84·8
Wet Bulb Thermometer	80·3
Dew Point	79·2
Relative humidity of Air	·864
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 10).	3·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a.m., next day)	89·3
Minimum do. do (read at 8 a.m.) ...	78·7
General Directions of Wind.	NNW, N, ENE, NW, N WW, N, NNW
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	238
Fall of Rain.....	0·01
Total fall during month	3·07
,, year	67·11
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 12th October	0·00

*From midnight to midnight.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Music at the Yacht Club, 5-45 p.m.
Concert, Byculla Wesleyan Chapel, 8 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 11th :—Arabia (s), from Karachi. On the 12th :—Nizam (s), from Yokohama. Yesterday :—Nurjehan (s), from Calcutta; Crothorn (s), Aden; Clyde (s), Shanghai; and Ponani (s), Cutch.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed on the 12th :—H. M. S. Malabar, for Portsmouth; Nubia (s), Liverpool; Kt. Errant (s), Marseilles; Ellora (s), Calcutta; Culna (s), Zanzibar; and I. M. S. Dalhousie, Madras, and Calicut.

BOMBAY PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.—We are requested to state that there will be no practice of the Philharmonic Society this evening.

CONCERT AT BYCULLA.—A concert is announced to take place to-night in Byculla Wesleyan Methodist Church, Victoria Gardens. The concert commences at eight o'clock, and the programme is a nice selection of both vocal and instrumental music.

SMALL CAUSE COURT VACATION.—The October vacation of this Court commences to-day and continues till the 4th proximo, during which time Mr. Cursetjee Manockjee, the acting Chief Judge, will attend the Court every Tuesday, for the disposal of urgent business only.

A DISHONEST CART-DRIVER.—Munjee Khatao, a grain merchant, residing at Pydownie, reports that a cart-driver, whom he entrusted with ten bags of rice, valued at Rs. 70, for conveyance to his godown, made off with the same on Friday last, and has not since been heard of.

A MISSING BOY.—Runchord Govind, a shoe-maker, residing at Kalbadavie Road, reports that his son, aged 12 years, named Sooka Runchord, left his house on the evening of the 10th instant with two companions, and has not since returned. The boy had on three gold ear-rings, valued at Rs. 9.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.—Major Roughton and thirty other members of the above corps proceeded on Saturday afternoon to the Middle Gun Ground Battery, where the Volunteers, under that officer's command, were instructed in the working of the guns mounted in that fort.

FATAL CART ACCIDENT.—An inquest was held by the Coroner yesterday at the morgue, respecting the death of a boy named Gopal Baboo, aged 3 years, Deceased was the son of a Hindoo widow named Radhee, living at Clark Road. On Saturday afternoon deceased was run over by a cart and killed on the spot. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

DEATH AT THE COMMON JAIL.—An inquest was held by the Coroner, on Saturday, at H. M.'s Common Jail, respecting the death of Essoo Babajee, aged 35 years. Deceased was a prisoner in the jail undergoing a term of three months' rigorous imprisonment. On the 5th instant he was admitted into the Jail Hospital, suffering from fever, which caused his death on Saturday. The verdict was "that the death of Essoo Babajee was caused by remittent fever."

YOUNG THIEF SENT TO A REFORMATORY.—At the Girgaum Police Court on Saturday last, a Hindoo lad, aged 11 years, named Walkia Latia, was charged by Inspector George before Mr. P. Ryan with stealing some vegetables from a stall at the Null Bazaar. The accused was arrested while endeavouring to dispose of the stolen property. On pleading guilty to the charge he was convicted, and ordered to be sent to the Sassoon Reformatory.

A FATAL FALL.—A Coroner's inquest was held yesterday at the J. J. Hospital on the body of Assar Goorba, aged 40 years. On the 30th of last month he sustained a serious injury to his neck and left side of his forehead. About three days ago tetanus came on when he was sent to the hospital, where he died yesterday. The jury returned a verdict that the death of the deceased was caused by tetanus following wounds received by an accidental fall down a stair.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The Band of the 4th Bombay Rifles will play the following programme at the Yacht Club this evening, commencing at 5-45 p.m. :—

March .....En Revenant De La Revue...Resormes.
Quadrille...Pantomime.....Coote.
Serenade...Before her Window .....Nehl.
Valse .....The Colonel .....Bucalossi.
Selection...Olivette .....Audran.
Galop .....Wonnetrankon .....Faust.

GAMBLING AT MAHIM.—Gool Mahomed Hajee Adam and seven other Mahomedans were charged by Inspector Holdway on Saturday last at the Girgaum Police Court before Mr. P. Ryan. Gool Mahomed with keeping a common gaming house at Mahim Road, and the rest of the accused, together with Gool Mahomed, with being found gaming therein on Thursday night last with dice, cards, and money. The whole of the accused, on admitting the truth of the complaint, were convicted. Gool Mahomed was fined Rs. 50, and the rest Rs. 20 each.

DROWNED IN A TANK.—An inquest was held by the Coroner on Saturday at Dadur, respecting the death of Syed Mahomed Syed Meer, aged 25 years. Deceased was a labourer, and lived with his father who is the head constable of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Police at Dadur. On Friday afternoon deceased went to bathe in an open tank, near the Dadur railway station. He dived into the tank, but as he did not rise again, a man, named Dagroo, raised an alarm, which caused a crowd to collect. Bhugwansing, a Purdasee porter at the Dadur station, jumped in and brought up the deceased, but too late to save his life. The verdict was that the death of Syed Mahomed Syed Meer was caused by his having been accidentally drowned in a tank.

SAD END OF AN UNHAPPY MARRIAGE.—An inquest was held by the Coroner on Saturday at Purbadavi Road, Mahim, respecting the death of a woman named Bhagoo. Deceased was married to a carpenter named Keshoo, but during the last two years she showed unwillingness to live with her husband, saying her mother-in-law abused her. On Thursday last she was sent for by her mother-in-law, to which her father replied he would bring her on Friday afternoon. On that day, however, while the father was asleep, Bhagoo disappeared and could nowhere be found. A search being made, her dead body was found in a well in front of her father's house. The verdict was, that the death of Bhagoo was caused by her having committed suicide.

DEATH FROM HYDROPHOBIA.—An inquest was held by the Coroner on Saturday at the J. J. Hospital, respecting the death of Mahadoo Suddoo, aged 22 years. Deceased was a porter in the service of the G. I. P. Railway Company at the Warri Bunder station. About two months ago he was bitten by a dog, but he told no one of the occurrence, and attended to his work as usual. About 10 o'clock on Thursday night he complained of pain in his loins, but remained at his work all night, and returned home at 9 o'clock the following morning. On Friday at noon the pain increased considerably, and symptoms of hydrophobia showed themselves. Dajee, a friend of the deceased, took deceased to the hospital, where he died the same night at a quarter past nine o'clock. The verdict was that the death of Mahadoo Suddoo was caused by hydrophobia.

NATIVE MUSIC.—On Saturday evening at the Framji Cowasji Institute, *ustad* Manovarkhan and his two sons and grandsons gave a public performance in playing on the *sittar*, a native musical instrument. The hall and the upper gallery were filled to overflowing with spectators, and their expectations to hear an old veteran instrumentalist and his singing were realized to the fullest extent. The concert was divided into two parts. The principal attraction of the evening was the charming *sittar*, on which the professor and his two sons played various native airs, and were repeatedly applauded for their beautiful handling of the instrument. In one piece the *ustad* played with one hand, while his son, Kurim Ali Khan, handled the instrument with the other, which elicited repeated cheers, as the manipulation was very ingenious and clever. The singing of the youngsters was of a moderate character, while of their elders melodious and sweet. The concert was brought to a close about midnight.

YOUNG MEN'S ATHLETIC CLUB CONCERT.—A concert was given on Friday evening in the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association, Apollo Bunder, in aid of the funds of the Athletic Club. The attendance was a good one, and the club ought to benefit from it; but the excellence of the programme was well worthy of a more crowded hall. Mr. F. W. J. Vining opened the concert with a pianoforte solo, "The Song of the Waves" by Spindler. The bass solo, "Will o' the Wisp," suited Mr. B. G. Hebditch, whose rich deep bass voice was heard to its best advantage. So well received was he that he had to respond to the enthusiastic demand for more. Miss Waller sang "Waiting" and "The Children's Home" most sweetly Miss Carpenter, as on the occasion of the Philharmonic concert on Tuesday, was in beautiful voice and sang with most exquisite taste "Answers," and "When the Tide comes in." Mr. F. J. Clarke's "The Bugler" was creditably rendered. Great amusement was created by the trio "A Little Farm well tilled" by Messrs. H. E. and A. F. Harrington, and W. MacCarthy who kept the audience in continuous laughter. Mr. Horace Harrington scored a success in "Happy Dreamland" and the glee "Awake, Æolian Lyre," by Messrs. H. J., H. E., and A. F. Harrington, and W. MacCarthy brought a most enjoyable evening to a close. It may be added that a piano for the occasion was kindly lent by Messrs. S. Rose and Co.

A TEMPLE GHOST.—For the past few days the worshippers in the temples situated at Phydowni have been losing their shoes. The shoes used to be deposited in the verandah when the devotees went in to worship, and when they came out again one or more would bewail the loss of a pair of shoes. One Friday morning a Bania named Toolsidas Madanjee left his shoes outside as usual, and when he came out after his devotions, he could not find his shoes. He complained to some of the other people who had been in the temple with him, who told him to go to a Bania in Kalbadavie, whose name he mentioned, and said he would, in all probability, find his shoes. It appears that a couple of days before the theft another Bania, named Ranchore, had been deprived of his shoes in the same way at the same temple. On that occasion he had seen a man, named Doolubjee Madanjee, standing near the vestibule of the temple when he was going in, but did not see him when coming out. The whole of that day he was miserable without shoes and purchased a new pair in the evening. The next day he went to the temple again, and saw the same man there standing in the same place. He left his shoes outside and "while worshipping he kept an eye on the man outside," but he did not see him take anything. Next day while passing the temple he saw Doolubjee there with a pair of shoes on. He asked him where he got the shoes from, when Doolubjee said he got them from a man in the native town and proposed to show Ranchore the place. While proceeding there several people came up and accused Doolubjee of stealing their shoes. A policeman was called, and Doolubjee given in custody. He was placed before Mr. Cooper on Saturday on a charge of stealing the shoes, and pleading guilty to the charge, was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

ALLBLESS LEPER HOME.

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

SATURDAY EVENING, OCT. 12.

SILVER, according to Reuter, remained at 42⅞d. per oz. in London yesterday; but private telegrams report an advance of 1-16d. in the price of the metal, at 42 13-16d. Rupee Securities, under this influence, were ¼ per cent. higher in each denomination at £67½ and £70, respectively. Thursday's quotations of 97¼ is repeated for Consols; but Indian Sterling loan was ¼ per cent. lower at 107¼. The market rate of discount on six months' sight Indian Bank Paper was advanced ⅛ per cent., that in short London bills remaining as before, making the rate 3⅛ per cent., all round. About £100,000 in gold was paid into the Bank of England yesterday. The Indian Council placed 3½ lakhs of extra Bills on Bombay at 1-4⅝d. and a lakh of Wire Transfers at 1 4 7-16d.—rates which show an advance in the former of 1-32d. on Wednesday's rates, and of 1-16d. in the case of the latter, these also having fetched 1-32d. more than the extra allotment to Calcutta on the following day. French Rentes in Paris was unchanged at 86⅓; and at fcs. 25·26. Exchange on London shows no alteration.

In general produce, Linseed was quiet, Calcutta seed, however, being quoted 3d. per quarter higher arrive *via* the Canal; but Bombay seed was 6d. per quarter lower, at 43s. 6d. per cwt. to arrive. Rapeseed was still flat, with little doing; but no change in rates is reported in either description. Coffee was steady at an advance of 1s. per cwt. in Mid.-Plantation, and 2s. in Medium Mysore. The wheat market was steady, and beyond an advance of 3d. per quarter in Club No. 2 to arrive, by both routes, no alteration in prices had taken place. The total wheat afloat for the United Kingdom yesterday was 40,000 quarters less than at the same time last week, at 1,270,000 quarters.

A further decline of 1-16d. per lb. took place in spot Mid.-American in Liverpool yesterday, making the price 6¼d., Surats being unchanged; and the market closed quiet all round, the Sales having reached only 8,000 bales, inclusive of 700 Surats. American Arrivals (the rates for which were mutilated in Thursday's telegram) were 3-64d. higher in all positions the day before yesterday; but yesterday 1-64d. to 1-32d. of the advance was lost, the Imports were 1,000 bales. The Manchester market had been firm but the quotations for staple Goods and yarns wired by Reuter show no change. The Liverpool market closed quiet again this afternoon with spot and arrival prices all unchanged. The day's Sales aggregated 7,000 bales, inclusive of 700 Surats. The Imports were heavy at 22,000 bales.

With the incubus of the late Cotton corner no longer weighing upon the trade, business in Liverpool during the past week has been running in its usual channels, and the figures wired by Reuter show the total sales for the six days ending yesterday to have been 21,000 bales more than for the week preceding, at 57,000; while the amount of Cotton taken by the trade and forwarded was 67,000 bales greater, at 112,000 bales. The total Stock had decreased by 17,000 bales; but it was still 76,000 bales heavier than at this time last year, though lighter, by 90,000 bales, than in the year before at the same time. The stock of Surats had decreased during the week by 4,000 bales, and stood yesterday at 138,000 bales. There had been an increase of 210,000 bales on the total Visible Supply, while of East Indian Cotton there were 9,000 bales less in sight; and the comparative figures, which we give below, show an increase in the former of 204,000 bales as against last year, and a falling-off of 505,000 bales compared with the year before, and in the Cotton an increase of 83,000 bales in one case, and a decrease of 153,000 bales in the other. A further decline of 3-16d. per lb. had taken place in the price of Mid.-American during the week; but notwithstanding the considerable fall since the collapse of the "ring" the rate was still 3-8d. per lb. higher than at this time last year, and 1d. per lb. above that ruling in 1887. There had also been a decline of 1-16d. in "Good Fair" and "Good" Oomra and Dhollera; and American Arrivals were 3-64d. higher, in most positions, than they were last Friday. The American Agricultural Bureau Report, issued on the 10th instant, pointing to a worse condition of the crop since the September report by 5 3-16 per cent. has produced an effect to speak of on the Liverpool market.

At New York, the spot price was unaltered yesterday, at 10⅝ cents; but October Futures were 4 points higher, at 10·54 cents. The Receipts of the U. S. Ports were 40,000 bales, bringing the week's total to 263,000, which is 13,000 bales more than for the corresponding week last year, but less to the same extent than for the year before; and the total figures since the new season opened now show an increase of 240,000 bales compared with last year, and a falling off of 198,000 bales as against 1887. A further advance of 2 points in October Futures is all the change which took place to-day in New York. The Receipts at the Ports were 45,000 bales, going against 37,000 bales last year, and 40,000 bales the year before.

The American crop figures to date give the following comparisons with the two previous years :—

	1889.	1888.	1887.
Week's receipts	263,000	259,000	276,000
" exports to U. K.	116,000	74,000	67,000
" " Continent	2,000	32,000	71,000
Total receipts since 1st Sept	983,000	743,000	1,18,000
" exports to U. K. do.	347,00	235,000	343,000
" " to Continent do.	195,000	107,000	21,000
" Stock in the Ports	360,000	491,000	515,000

The total Visible Supply of Cotton for all Europe on the 11th instant affords the following comparisons with the two previous years :—

	1889.	1888.	1887.
Total supply of all kinds	1,383,000	1,176,070	1,284,830
" Spurts	263,000	175,920	113,180
For the United Kingdom only the figures are :—			
Stock in Liverpool	316,000	269,860	433,070
" London	21,000	9,000	39,000
American Afloat	185,000	105,000	208,000
East Indian "	29,000	15,000	29,000
	557,000	398,860	709,070.
Price of Mid.-Americans	6⅛d.	5⅛d.	5½d.
" Good Fair Dhollera	1 7-16d.	1 7-16d.	3½d.
Difference	1 13-16d.	1 7-16d.	12d.

IMPORTS OF PIECE-GOODS AND YARNS.—Particulars of the shipments of Cotton Manufactures and Yarn to India for the month of September are just to hand by wire, and show as far as Bombay is concerned, a considerable falling off, compared with the missions for August, in every item, though greatest on *Plain* and *Printed Cottons*, in which the decrease was over 6¼ million yards, and 4 million yards, respectively. As against September last year, last month's shipments were materially heavier in the two items of *Coloured* and *Printed Cottons*, though lighter in *Plain Cottons* and *Twist*. The figures for the nine months show a large increase in shipments of Manufactures to this port, compared with last year's missions for the corresponding period, the excess being some 40½ million yards in *Plain Cottons*, 7¾ million yards in *Coloured*, and 5½ million yards in *Printed*. In shipments of *Twist* there was a falling off of over 1¾ million lbs. In the principal item of *Plain Cottons*, last month's shipments to the sister Presidencies showed a marked falling off, both as compared with the figures for August, and those for September last year.

Bombay.	Sept. 1889.	Aug. 1889.	Sept. 1888.
Plain Cottons, yds.	31,700,000	38,050,000	33,350,000
Coloured Cottons ,,	4,550,000	5,850,000	3,200,000
Printed Cottons ,,	9,050,000	13,050,000	7,950,000
Twist, lbs.	900,000	1,400,000	1,300,000
Calcutta.			
Plain Cottons, yds.	62,500,000	79,250,000	84,050,000
Coloured Cottons ,,	7,000,000	7,950,000	5,500,000
Printed Cottons ,,	5,050,000	7,050,000	5,750,000
Twist, lbs.	900,000	1,000,000	1,050,000
Madras.			
Plain Cottons, yds.	4,950,000	8,950,000	8,750,000
Coloured Cottons ,,	850,000	1,800,000	950,000
Printed Cottons ,,	850,000	950,000	1,400,000
Twist, lbs.	350,000	1,400,000	1,600,000

Bombay only.	1889. For 9 months.	1888. For 9 months.
Plain Cottons, yds.	359,559,000	319,050,000
Coloured Cottons ,,	38,774,000	31,100,000
Printed Cottons ,,	85,471,000	79,850,000
Twist, lbs.	10,320,000	12,200,000

COTTON.—The demand for contracts on Cotton of the new crop by export houses which was the principal feature in yesterday's market, and which led to considerable transactions at somewhat enhanced rates, was almost absent to-day, a line of Good Khangaum, for March delivery, at Rs. 209½, being all the fresh arrival business reported. A parcel of 500 bales of old Wadwan changed hands at Rs. 185-90; and a little Compta at Rs. 200, and Dharwar, at Rs. 208, completed the day's transactions, the market closing steady at yesterday's rates.

WHEAT has been neglected by exporters, and only a small business has been done; but dealers will accept no lower rates, and we call the market firm at previous quotations.

SEEDS. The tone of this market also keeps firm; but little fresh business has transpired to-day in any description, and prices are quoted as before, all round.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows :—

Cotton	140 bales.
Wheat	18,933 cwt.
Linseed	2,336 "
Rapeseed	1,897 "
Gingelly	1,811 "

FREIGHTS are steady at our last quotations; but no fresh engagement of importance has been reported. The steamer Knight of St. John, originally berthed for Marseilles, has since changed her destination to Liverpool, her owners having given the option of loading for that port at 9d. per ton extra.

EXCHANGE opened firm at yesterday's closing quotations, and has since strengthened by 1-32d. in rates for remittance. Some Merchants' Bills have come out at 1s. 4 21-32d. for October delivery, and 1s. 4 11-16d., thereafter, but there is a falling of in the supply. Forward Telegraphic is said to have been placed at 1s. 4 7-16d. We quote :—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 4 7-16d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 4 13-32d.	"
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 4 17-32d.	"
Credits do.	1s. 4 21-32d.	"
Francs do.	1·75½	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER continues to have an upward tendency, and we report some further advance in rates to-day. Fours for cash have been steady at 99 7-16, which was the closing price; while for the next account 99⅝ has become the rate, and 99½ for the November account, with sellers on both lines. 102⅛ is now named for the other denomination.

SHARES.—A considerable business has been passing to-day in Cotton Mill shares, and generally at enhanced rates. Other scrip has been neglected, but the general tone is steady at previous quotations.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.

EUROPE.

DEATH.

PERREAN—October 7, at 5 Markwick Terrace, St. Leonards on the Sea, Sussex, Mary A Perrean, wife of Colonel M. C. Perrean, Controller of Military Accounts, Bengal.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

BRIDGES-LEE—October 4, at Lahore, the wife of J Bridges-Lee, M A, F G S, Barrister-at-law, of a daughter still-born.

BUTLER—October 7, at Mussoorie, the wife of M Butler, S-b-Engineer, of a son.

McMILLAN—October 1, at Hissar, the wife of Henry McMillan, P W D, of a daughter.

WARD—October 8, at Mussoorie, the wife of George Ward, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

HEWAN—COX—October 7, at St. Paul's Cathedral, Calcutta, by the Rev W A G Luckman, Chaplain, John Hewan, M R C S, L R C P Eng, eldest son of the late Archibald Hewan, M D, of Chester Square, London, to Ethel Jane, youngest daughter of the late William Henry Cox, of Derby.

TUDBALL—SHEEN—October 5, at the Cantonment Church, Bareilly, by the Rev A E Stone, Chaplain, William Tudball, B C S, to Kate, eldest daughter of the late C J Sheen, Esq, and step-daughter of Captain A Pelham Burn, 27th Punjab Infantry.

DEATHS.

FLYTER—October 4, at Monghyr, Caroline Louisa, relict of the late Captain James Flyter, late 61th Regt B N I, H E I C S, aged 72 years.

LITTLEWOOD—October 8, at Dinapore, Guy Vyvyan, the infant son of W. Nelson and Emma J Littlewood, aged 1 month and 3 days.

McGOWAN—October 7, at Mussoorie, J S McGowan, late of the Customs Department, aged 69 years.

O'BRIEN—October 7, at Umballa, the dearly beloved wife of Major T O'Brien, Commissariat Department (Retired)

SMITH—October 7, at Darjeeling, at Chandra Villa, the wife of John Cooney Smith, Protegee of Lady Harriet Cavanagh, Borris Kane, Ire and, aged 42 years.

The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1889.

THE Statesman Series (W. H. Allen and Co.) publishes a life of the Marquis of Dalhousie by Captain L. T. Trotter, author of "India under Victoria." Captain Trotter gives in his preface a portentous list of the authorities he has consulted, and there can be no doubt that he has endeavoured to do justice to the statesmanship, great ablitities, and high aims of his hero. But he certainly fails to grasp the responsibility incurred by the great Governor-General for carrying out with iron hand a policy, the immediate and quite (to himself) unforeseen consequences brought the rule of the East India Company to a precipitous and disastrous end, and received its lasting condemnation in the absolute and unconditional renunciation of the principles on which he had acted in the Queen's Proclamation, upon taking over charge of a well nigh ruined Empire. As a brief resume of the leading events of a remarkable epoch-making—or rather epoch-closing—Viceroyalty Captain Trotter's book is acceptable. But the historical student who has read Sir Edwin Arnold's "Administration of the Marquis of Dalhousie" will marvel at the author's placid approval of acts, which were inconsistent with fundamental principles of sound policy. The absolute blindness to the visible signs of the growing fury of the sepoy army, largely recruited from Oude, would of itself stamp Lord Dalhousie as a man of one idea, incapable of seeing anything outside a very narrow range of vision. He lacked imagination and could not deny himself to believe that anything could happen which he had not set down in the agenda paper. Captain Trotter's cleverly-written little book is in truth a panegyric on Lord Dalhousie. But the author has not done his hero any service when he writes that, had the great Marquis been in Calcutta during the Mutiny "William Tayler would not have been punished for saving his own province (Patna) from untold disaster, in spite of a Government which had neglected his repeated warnings." The gallant Captain gives himself away when he writes such a sentence in face of the overwhelming indictment of Mr. Tayler's action at Patna, which Sir John Gorst was compelled by injudicious advocates to lay before the House of Commons so recently. It is only too much to be feared that had Lord Dalhousie been at Fort William instead of Lord Canning, men like Mr. Tayler would have had carte-blanche to act as wild panic prompted, and to hang wholesale those whom craven fears pointed to as possible sources of danger. As it was, in the words of Sir Edwin Arnold, "we reconquered India with our own army, but lost our ancient reputation for humanity and justice in a paroxysm of lordly indignation, which was too much like fear in some quarters (at Patna for example) to have left dignified recollections."

Lord Dalhousie had ample warnings, which he wholly disregarded, that there was the gravest danger of a tremendous explosion of wrath and indignation, but so overweening was his confidence in the absolute wisdom of what Sir John Kaye calls the "appalling doctrine of lapse," which made every Prince and Chief in India look upon the British Raj as an enemy waiting the moment to despoil him and his house, that he never perceived what was patent enough to dispassionate observers. While the population was alarmed by his handed and autocratic methods in every department of the administration, the smallest details of which never escaped his hard and unsympathetic eye, he really believed that his every act was ensuring the affection and confidence of those whom he was working up to a paroxysm of fear and hate. Sir E. Arnold was in India at a time when there was still a vivid recollection of the consequences of the serene incapacity of the great Viceroy to understand that he was leading up a frightful crisis, and he wrote in a very different strain from that which characterises Captain Trotter's cheerful pages. Lord Dalhousie, says the former and better informed writer, "had not the time or taste—though he certainly had warning—to survey the condition of the Army which supplied escorts in his regal progresses, and guards to the palace-gate whence he issued edicts. Had he done so, he would have found that the camp and bazaar were both full of dangerous whispers; that his new post-office transmitted to and fro letters of sedition; that regiments and regiments were drawing closer together towards the fulfilment of the prophecy that "a hundred years would end the raj of the English"; while the officers were very often ignorant of the language of the sepoys and invariably of their sentiments. Yet there were causes set at work by the new policy and its methods and aims which a statesman of high capacity should have surmised and anticipated. "To the smouldering hopes and hates of Islam he contributed the enmity of all those House of India which he had deprived of provinces, and the disquietude of those who still owned provinces, and therefore feared to lose them. The rebellion was a Mahommedan mine fired by the sparks of an affront, or a fancied affront, to Hindu scruples." Lord Dalhousie could not, of course, have foreseen the blunder of the greased cartridges, but he had received the warning of events and also the warning of prophets. He disregarded both, though some of the most remarkable were the utterances of his own Commander-in-Chief, who protested that thirty regiments of the Bengal Army were as ripe for revolt as the regiment of Bengal troops that seized the fortress of Govindhur, near Lahore. Lord Dalhousie scoffed at and rebuked the pre-vision of Sir Charles Napier, and as Arnold points out, so little did he even at the last moment understand the pass to which things were coming, that in his Imperial minute he dismissed the Sepoy Army in one sentence!

It is as well to bear these things in mind when there are symptoms of a reaction in uninformed opinion in favour of the maxims and the methods of the great Viceroy who undertook and carried through measures, the full scope and results of which he himself failed to realise. He allowed himself to believe too implicitly in the perfect morality of very questionable acts, and set forth in despatches of admirable lucidity and full of the most unexceptionable sentiments, schemes which if propounded by another he would have been the first to denounce as indistinguishable from rapine pure and simple. He naively held that nothing but good could come from the realisation of any policy which he recommended. The native administrations which were to be cut short were in his view what nearly all such administrations are in Sir Lepel Griffin's lecture, hopelessly and incurably bad, and the populations to be annexed were one and all, not only willing but eager to become the happy recipients of the blessings of his Excellency's mild and civilizing rule. Even Captain Trotter perceives that this way of looking at things was sometimes carried to great lengths, but he is of opinion that Lord Dalhousie was quite right in considering that "the happiness and wellbeing of the many far outweighed the possible (!) discontent of an idle, pampered, pleasure-seeking few," and he accords a generous approval to all and sundry of the applications of this principle throughout his Excellency's tenure of office. The following passage shows in an amusing light the besetting temptation of the great annexer to refuse to be deterred by the prospect of substantial gain from taking the course which high moral considerations suggested as a right and a duty: "I conscientiously declare," he wrote, "that unless I believed that the prosperity and happiness of the inhabitants of Nagpur would be promoted by their being placed under British rule, no other advantages which could arise out of the measure would move me to propose it!" Upon which Captain Trotter says very truly, "The other advantages, indeed, were far from small. The State of Hyderabad would thus be girdled round by British territory. An unbroken line of communication would cross the Peninsula from Calcutta to Bombay. English enterprise would find new openings in the cotton-fields of the Berar Valley; and their produce might ere long be borne by rail to the capital of British India. Such a prospect might well have tempted a less scrupulous statesman to strive for that end which Dalhousie justified on high moral grounds!" This is delicious. We owe to a preference for statesmanship which will avowedly proceed on the hard material considerations which must often decide political action, and leave high moral considerations to take care of themselves. Then there will be less danger of self-deception. That there was self-deception on Lord Dalhousie's part in this Nagpur business, the author allows, but he refuses to believe that the canting sentence just quoted was hypocritical: "Dalhousie was no hypocrite. If he ever deceived himself"—which surely is the greatest danger for any statesman dealing with State affairs—"it was not his nature to deceive others. Honesty of purpose and a high-minded zeal for the public good, marked alike his utterances"—every one of them!—"and his deeds. His belief in the blessings of civilised rule was not less deep and sincere than his moral standard was high and his ambition unselfish!" Here we have the key-note of Captain Trotter's "Life of the Marquis of Dalhousie." Eulogium is carried to an extreme, and there is indiscriminating admiration for the limitations and self-deceptions as well as of the soaring qualities of a remarkable administrator. Sir Charles Napier declared that thirty regiments were equally ripe for revolt, and urged that precautionary measures should be taken; the Viceroy rebuked the hero of Meanee as if he were a hysterical subaltern, and took no steps whatever to guard against the explosion which was predicted, but which the self-willed proconsul would not even consider as possible. Lord Dalhousie was a man of quite uncommon mould; but his achievements were bought at a price which he himself would not have consented to pay had he known that it would be exacted. Captain Trotter fails to realise this aspect of the policy which he so warmly approves.

THE electoral contest in North Buckingham has attracted less attention than any other of the by-elections, as a Liberal victory was a foregone conclusion. The seat became vacant, owing to the elevation of their member, the Hon. Evelyn Hubbard, to the House of Peers on the death of his father, Lord Addington. Captain Verney, the Liberal candidate, who on Saturday was declared elected, had already sat for North Bucks, and was opposed by the Hon. Evelyn Hubbard, a member of Lord Addington's family. But early in the fray the *Standard* was compelled to own that the Conservatives could not afford to run any risks or neglect a single precaution. Captain Verney had a majority of 1,456 in 1885, and was defeated in 1886 by 71 votes only. Of the 11,000 electors, only 8,849 voted in 1886, as compared with 9,468 in 1885. These abstentions lost the Liberals the seat, for the Conservative candidate polled in 1886 only 454 votes more than in 1885. Lord Addington, the Conservative candidate, at the last election was known to have far more local influence than Sir Samuel Wilson enjoyed when he championed the Tory cause in the previous year. Mr. Evelyn Hubbard had very powerful support in the constituency, but his friends seem to have neglected the good advice tendered them by their leading organ. While Captain Verney took down to North Bucks some of the most gifted speakers he could conveniently press into service, Mr. Hubbard's supporters seem to have done more harm than good. One of these, the Rector of Stantonbury, declared that "Mr. Gladstone was willing to clean Mr. Parnell's boots and shoes; that Mr. Gladstone also wished to take the crown from the head of the Queen of England and put it on the head of Mr. Parnell; and that Mr. Gladstone was willing to smash up the British Empire." Then the reverend gentleman asked "why did not Mr. Gladstone do as Lord Beaconsfield did, and educate his party before springing his fad on the country." Speeches of this description never make converts. They annoy the wavering elector and drive him to the other side. Lord Addington (then the Hon. Egerton Hubbard) who has vacated the seat, it will be remembered was the member who during the debate on the Public Worship Regulation Act, astonished the House of Commons by producing a prayer-book and making a solemn appeal thereto.

THE results of the trials of the new American dynamite cruiser Vesuvius have been awaited with great interest by military and naval departments in England. The steaming powers of the vessel have been found to be some twenty-and-a-half knots an hour in rough weather was the registered speed, about a knot over the requirement. With regard to the guns, the contract trial was to consist of five shots fired from each gun in ten minutes with an air supply sufficiently strong to throw the charges a distance of one mile. This, too, has been surpassed. Each pneumatic gun threw fifteen shells and six thousand pounds of dynamite a distance of a mile, the whole operation occupying but seventeen minutes. In the House of Commons recently the representative of the Admiralty was asked whether it was any use constructing guns for the ships afloat and building for the British Navy, seeing that such results as these were expected. The question will now doubtless be brought again and more forcibly before Parliament, for it would appear that naval ordnance is on the eve of a great revolution.

A THIRD edition of Mr. B. M. Malabari's interesting and racy volume on "Gujarat and the Gujaratis" has been published. The book is amusing, giving a very fresh and original view of the ways and habits of the people of Gujarat.

THE Bombay Presidency Association, taking advantage of H. E. Lord Reay's short stay in Bombay *en route* from Simla to Mahableshwar, invited His Excellency on Saturday afternoon to meet the members of the Association at their rooms, and receive an address; but His Excellency was suffering from fever and could not speak as he intended to do at length. In the address, which was read by Mr. Javerilal Umiashanker Yajaik, the topics dealt with were forest and abkari administration, village sanitation, the extension of Bombay city, and education. As to forests considerable disappointment had been felt at the final results. It was doubtful if all grievances of agriculturists and owners of private forests, had been

TELEGRAMS.

[CENTRAL NEWS TELEGRAMS.]

THE CZAR'S VISIT TO BERLIN.

A CORDIAL RECEPTION.

BERLIN, Oct. 11.

The Czar arrived here this morning in brilliant sunshine and was met by the Kaiser and the Royal Princes together with Prince Bismarck, Count Herbert Bismarck, the General officers of the head-quarters, staff, and the chief officials at Berlin.

The Kaiser William and the Czar greeted one another with great cordiality and repeated embraces.

The Czar shook Prince Bismarck warmly by the hand and then drove to the Russian Embassy, escorted by a superb guard of cavalry.

All the troops in garrison were paraded and lined the streets, keeping the people in the background.

As a consequence they were unable to witness the Imperial pageant with any distinctness, and little enthusiasm was the natural result.

BANQUET TO THE CZAR.

THE CZAR COOL AND ABRUPT.

BERLIN, Oct 12.

A banquet was given last night to the Czar.

The Emperor in a hearty speech proposed the toast of "The Czar."

In the course of his remarks, His Imperial Majesty said it would be his endeavour to maintain the friendship of the two nations, which had now continued for a hundred of years.

The Czar replied in a cool, abrupt speech, and concluded by proposing "The health of the Emperor."

HOLY RUSSIA'S MISSION.

ATTEMPTED INTERFERENCE IN BULGARIA.

LONDON, Oct. 13.

Prince Dolgoroukow attempted to hold a Russian demonstration yesterday at Sofia.

The assembly was convened under the guise of a requiem for the Russian soldiers killed in the late war.

The Bulgarian Government prohibited the meeting, notwithstanding a protest from the Prince.

It is generally feared that the proceeding was but an attempt to interfere with the affairs of Bulgaria.

SURGEON-GENERAL HEWLETT'S FUNERAL.

LONDON, Oct. 13.

Surgeon-General Hewlett was buried to-day in the cemetery at Harrow, his native town.

The ceremony was of a quiet description, being confined to the deceased's family circle and a few friends, among whom were Generals Wray and Ducat.

THE NORTH BUCKS ELECTION.

LONDON, Oct. 13.

Captain Verney, the Liberal Candidate, has been elected for the North Buckinghamshire vacancy, defeating the Hon. Evelyn Hubbard, Conservative, by 250 votes.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

NATIONAL LEAGUE SUPPRESSED IN TIPPERARY.

LONDON, Oct. 12.

The National League has been suppressed in Tipperary, including the place where it was intended to found a Tenants' Defence League.

THE MAILS.

The homeward Bombay mail of the 27th ultimo reached Brindisi on the 10th inst.

THE CZAR'S VISIT TO BERLIN.

BERLIN, Oct. 12.

Prince Bismarck had a lengthy conference with the Czar yesterday. A banquet took place at the palace last night, when the Emperor William proposed a toast in honor of the Czar as his honored friend, and said he hoped that the friendship that had existed between the two countries for a century would continue. His Majesty added that he was resolved to cherish that friendship as a legacy from his ancestors.

The Czar in reply thanked the Emperor William for his friendly sentiments. The Czar then specially proposed a toast in honour of Prince Bismarck.

THE GERMAN PRESS ON THE VISIT.

The *Reichsanzeiger*, in an article on the Czar's visit, says that the German people unite with their Majesties in wishing it may conduce to the welfare and happiness of the two nations.

THE COMING CONGRESS.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

MIRAJ, Oct. 13.

The extensive grounds of Durga were busily occupied this morning by over 800 principal inhabitants who assembled to hear an address on the Congress. Mr. Namjosi spoke for an hour-and-a-half in easy eloquent style, and made the people acquainted with the aims and objects of the Congress. His position, he said, was that of an adviser. He told the audience that public meetings small or great, if properly conducted, were a power everywhere, and especially in Native States. They ought not to be made a medium of grievances, lest their good effects should be lost to win the confidence of, and recognition from, the authorities. Leaders of public movements should always be charitable and generous towards the authorities. To say that Governments are hostile to such movements is a sin and libel upon them. Civilized Governments welcome such movements, but before they give them recognition they wait to test their vitality and power, if the people can show that Congress meetings are helpful to Governments they will receive them with open arms. From the resolutions of previous Congresses he convinced the audience that the movement was not in the interests of some but of all without distinction of race or color. There was a very large attendance of Mahomedans, and the president, Sayad Khanwadkar Saheb was a Mahomedan Jahagirdar of influence and position. A committee, comprising of two representatives of Hindu, and Mahomedan, and other two communities, was appointed to do all that is needful in connection with the Congress

NOMINATIONS AND APPOINTMENTS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 13.

Colonel G. F. Prettyman, R.A., has been formally nominated for the Command at Agra.

Sir Thomas Baker left Simla for Rawalpindi, on the expiration of his leave, on Saturday.

Colonel G. E. L. S. Sanford will take command of the Camp at Purneah, near Roorki, where siege operations are to be practised.

Major Bruce, 19th Bengal Lancers, has been deputed to Persia to buy mules for Government, in connection with the Commander-in-Chief's tour.

The Quartermaster-General and the Military Secretary will join His Excellency at Peshawar on October 29, and the Adjutant-General at Quetta on November 16.

Colonel Kenneth Mackenzie, Judicial Commissioner, Hyderabad Assigned Districts, is likely to join the East African Company for the term of two or three years, if his services can be spared by the Government of India.

It is notified in General Orders that leave may be sanctioned to officers of the British and Native Cavalry Regiments, who can be spared from their duties, to visit the Cavalry Camp at Muridki, provided the State is put to no expense.

Sir Mortimer Durand will await the arrival of Mr. Cunningham in Simla about the 24th instant, and then make over charge of the Foreign Office before proceeding to Europe on leave.

The Foreign Secretary is making steady progress in his convalescence.

A QUESTION AFFECTING MEDICAL RANKS.

A curious question has arisen in connection with the promotion of Surgeon-Majors in the Indian Medical Service to the administrative rank of Brigade-Surgeons, and of Brigade-Surgeons to that of Deputy Surgeons-General, under an old rule, which had been in force for nearly a century. They claimed the right to refuse promotion, the reason of this being that some of them had to vacate lucrative posts on being given a step in rank. The Government of India, after fully considering the question, have passed an order, under which such officers must accept promotion in their turn, and the matter has been referred to the Secretary of State for final approval.

THE FINANCE COMMITTEE'S SHEARS.

An Army Circular has been issued, giving effect to changes in the Military Account Department recommended by the authorities on the suggestion of the Finance Committee, and sanctioned by the Secretary of State last spring. Changes will have effect from the 11th of September. The departmental salaries, as now consolidated, are :—Accountant-General, Rs. 2,500 per mensem ; Controller, Rs. 2,200 ; Military Accountants, 1st class, Rs. 1,650 ; 2nd class, Rs. 1,400 ; 3rd class, Rs. 1,200 ; and 4th class, Rs. 1,000 ; Assistant Military Accountants, 1st class, Rs. 750 ; 2nd class, Rs. 600 ; and 3rd class, Rs. 500. House rent also will be drawn by all officers below Controllers, when stationed at Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay. Officers in the Department on September 11, drawing salaries in excess of the new scale, will continue to draw them until promoted to higher grades.

DEATH OF THE BISHOP OF TINNEVELLY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Oct. 13.

The Church Missionary Society sustained a great loss in the death of Bishop Sargent, the venerable Bishop of Tinnevelly.

MR. MOORE NORTON.

Mr. Moore Norton's case is fixed for hearing to-morrow ; but Mr. Norton is suffering from fever. His case will probably be postponed.

PREPARATIONS FOR THE COMING PRINCE.

Mr. Claude Vincent has returned from the Governor's tour this morning, and proceeds southwards in a day or two to arrange for the Prince's visit.

THE BELGAUM WEEK.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BELGAUM, Oct. 12.

THIRD DAY.

The following is the third day's result :—

FIRST RACE.—The "Somersetshire Cup."

Mr. Farmer's Brigantine	1
Mr. Dale's Greymorn	2
Mr. Kook's Tomtit	3

Time—1 min. 31 secs.

SECOND RACE.—The "Flying Stakes."

Mr. Harcourt's Spurfowl	1
Mr. MacGregor's Sunset	2
Capt. MacLaughlin's Minting	3

Time—1 min. 34 secs.

THIRD RACE.—The "Cambridgeshire."

Mr. Dale's Heliotrope	1
Mr. MacGregor's Recovery	2
The Chief of Mudhol's Mintmaster	3

FOURTH RACE.—The "Farewell Stakes."

Mr. Melton's Moab	1
Mr. Kook's Magpie	2
Mr. Jones' Darkie	3

FIFTH RACE.—The "Substitution Stakes."

Mr. S. A. W.'s Miskin	1
Mr. Kook's Tomtit	2
Capt. Stisted's Banker	3

The weather quite fine.

The cricket match on Wednesday and Friday, and tennis on Thursday and Saturday fell through owing to rain.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

ANTWERP, Oct. 11.

The s.s. Lydia, of the MacIver Line, arrived at Antwerp on the 11th Oct., having previously called at Plymouth.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Oct. 11.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats quiet.

Good Fair Dhollera	4 7-16
The Manchester Market has been firm.	
7 lbs. Shirtings	5 1/2
8 1/4 " "	6 4
40s Mule Twist	9 1/2
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight	1s. 4 1/2d.
2 3/4 per cent. Consols for account	97 1/4
3 per cent. French Rentes	86 3/4
4 per cent. Rupee paper	67 1/4
4 1/2 per cent. "	70
3 1/2 per cent. Sterling Loan	107 1/4
Bar Silver	42 1/2d.
Total Week's sales of Cotton	57,000 bales.
" " " Surats	5,000 "
" " Import of Cotton	46,000 "
" " " Surats	1,000 "
" " Stock of Cotton	346,000 "
" " " Surats	138,000 "
" Stock of Cotton in London.	21,000 "

IN the Punnah State and elsewhere in India, where diamonds are being mined for the market, it may be well, remarks a contemporary, to note the fact that there is at present a great depression in the cutting industry in Antwerp, as well as in Paris, Amsterdam, and Geneva. The cause is the exceeding scarcity of the raw stone, which consequently has advance in price, while the cut stones are said to have retained their normal value.

GOSSIP FROM LONDON.

(FROM AN OCCASIONAL CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, Sept. 19.

ALTHOUGH the fine September weather is keeping people out of town, the first night of "A Man's Shadow"—Robert Buchanan's version of "Roger la Honte"—at the Haymarket drew not only a crowded, but a brilliant and distinguished, audience—a regular "first-night audience" of familiar and well-known faces. The dramatic element was well to the fore in boxes and stalls. There was the beautiful Julia Neilson's mother looking on at her daughter's success in a somewhat trying part. Ellen Terry watching from a box the performance of her wonderful little niece, the youngest of the gifted family—Mrs. Bernard Beere—Mr. Bancroft, Carlotta Teclesco, Corney Grain, Genevieve Ward, Lady Monckton, and others of that ilk. The authors were fairly well represented, if not so well as the fraternity of the sister-craft. Amongst them in the stalls was the young lady who, under the *nom de plume* of "Frank Danby" seems to delight in setting at defiance the sometimes now-a-day very necessary advice to young authors.

"You must not pump spring water unawares
Upon a gracious public full of nerves!"

Then there were a couple of Princes of the Teck race—Baroness Burdett-Coutts, and Lady Dorothy Nevill, and last not least, the "Brav' General"—of whom, by the way, a most gushing biography is about to be published by Messrs. Swan and Sonnenschien. The Brave General is keeping very quiet just now, but no doubt we shall hear plenty of him in a few days when the French elections come on. Little Minnie Terry, the seven-years-old wonder, gave a beautiful and pathetic rendering of the important *role* of the unfortunate hero's child. It is curious that in both "A Man's Shadow" at the Haymarket, and "Proof," now running at the Princess's, one of the principal situations is that of a man's own child being chief witness against him in one of the usual stage-and-novel murder cases, wherein the wrong man is convicted on circumstantial evidence. This painful situation, by the way, is powerfully worked up in W. G. Wills' old, and now almost forgotten, novel, "The Wife's Evidence."

We are all looking forward eagerly to the first night of the revival of "A Dead Heart" at the Lyceum, wherein Ellen Terry's son, "Mr. Gordon Craig," is to make his first appearance, playing "Arthur St. Valery" to his perennially fair mother's "Catherine Duval." We hope with much interest that the young man will prove another instance of the heredity of genius, and add another wreath to the shrubbery of the family laurels! Great things are expected of the *muse-en-scene*, especially of the representation of the taking of the Bastille.

Sir Edwin Arnold writes from the Mid-Atlantic an interesting description of the voyage to Quebec—the pleasantest and most picturesque, if unfortunately not the safest, route to the Light Continent. It is certainly to be recommended to all those Transatlantic travellers whose nerves allow them to contemplate with reasonable equanimity the possibility of an encounter with an iceberg. If any of you are thinking of a tour round the world, try the Quebec route. The ocean passage is only five days! and as to icebergs, the very idea of them ought to be "cool and refreshing" to you in your hot weather.

By the way, your hot weather reminds me of an amusing instance of the supposed effects of the Indian climate as viewed from the standpoint of the English domestic. A lady from India in conversation with me made some allusions to her children: and Sarah, the housemaid, who had been regarding the visit or with evident interest, inquired of me afterwards, "How many children has Mrs. So-and-so?" "Five," I replied. "Five! dear, dear! and *all black*!" exclaimed Sarah. "Black? no, Sarah! Mr. and Mrs. So-and-so are both English, and very fair. How should their children be *black*?" "Why, m'm, because they are born in India! Poor little things! it makes it all the worse if they are not black now: for they will *all go black* as they grow up." Sarah remains unconvinced to this hour!

By way of helping veterans to fight on in the "Battle of Life," there are no less than three doctors professing to have discovered an "Elixir of Youth." Dr. Brown Sequard was first in the field with his preparation for re-juvenescence; he has been followed by a Hungarian Doctor Tziksay, who refuses to reveal the secret of his recipe; and by an American, whose disclosures as to the ingredients of *his*, are exceedingly unpleasant, and suggestive of the contents of the cauldron round which Macbeth's witches circled, chanting their gruesome incantations. It is reported in some instances to have turned out an "Elixir of Death" instead of life, its administration leading to fever and blood-poisoning. Reading the description of the compound, one is inclined to say—no wonder! There are two men at least who do not seem to require a dose of the new elixir—our veteran Laureate, who is in better health than he has been for a long time, and enjoys daily walks and drives in the beautiful country around Haslemere—and the most wonderful of living statesmen, who is described as disdaining the aid of the accommodating "lift," and tripping briskly, if not exactly on the light fantastic toe, up flight after flight of stairs, while wife, friends, and admirers, ascended luxuriously by the hydraulic "elevator," as they call it on the "other side."

THE BOMBAY COTTON CROPS.

THE following is the cotton forecast for the Presidency. Estimates generally up to the end of September has been—

Deccan.—Area eleven lakhs acres, one and a quarter lakh above last year, and one and three-quarter lakhs above average. Sowing rain good. August break injurious, but September rain was timely, and improved prospects everywhere except in parts of Ahmednugger, where it was excessive and caused some damage. Revised area figures for Khandesh, 1,011,000; Ahmednugger, 62,000; Sholapur, 7,600; and Satara, 5,000 acres. Elsewhere no change.

Gujarat.—Area 667,000 acres, 40,000 below last year, and slightly below average. Decrease confined to Ahmedabad, and is due to ryots giving preference to grain crops on account of last year's scarcity as well as to irregular sowing rain. Ahmedabad area 3 lakhs; Broach, 264,000; Surat, 92,000; and Kaira, 9,600 acres. In some parts of Broach crop twice sown owing to washing rain. Season favourable and crop good. A shower or two especially in the north desirable.

Baroda.—Four and a quarter lakhs acres, half a lakh above last year; condition fair, and a shower desirable. Cutch one and a half lakh acres, a quarter lakh above last year. Increase due to favourable rain, condition good. Palanpur Agency 84,000 acres, condition middling. Reports from Kathiawar and other States not received.

Karnatak.—Sowings incomplete owing to lateness of rain. Reported area nearly six lakhs acres. Dharwar two and three-quarter lakhs. Bijapur two and one quarter lakhs, and Belgaum 90,000 acres, crop thriving. In Rannebennur excessive rain has caused shedding of leaves and bolls in early sown exotic cotton.

Karnatak States.—Reported area one lakh acres, of which 15,000 for Kolhapur. Sowing in progress, and information incomplete.

Sind.—Complete information not received. Reported area for Shikarpur and Upper-Sind Frontier 15,000 acres. Excessive rain and locusts have damaged crop in Shikarpur.

Khairpur.—Area 2,700 acres.

PORTUGUESE-INDIA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

GOA, Oct. 10.

THE cost of justice in Portuguese-India has attracted the attention of the Governor-General, and His Excellency is endeavouring to bring about a change.

The death of His Royal Highness Infant D'Augusto has occasioned much regret throughout the country. The regret has been sincere and profound among all classes of the people, who some years ago had the pleasure of seeing him and admiring his princely qualities. His Royal Highness was the first Portuguese Prince who ever set foot in India. On receipt of telegraphic intimation the Governor-General issued an extraordinary *Boletim*, ordering all the public offices to be closed for three days.

The rain that set in a few days ago, was the heaviest on the 27th instant. The water at Canacona rose to an unprecedented height, invading the dwelling-houses, which were abandoned by the people who fled to the higher localities to save themselves from being drowned. A road between two mountains has been blocked. A number of houses have fallen, rendering the inmates homeless, and number of cows, buffaloes, pigs, &c., are reported to have been washed away by the strong current towards the sea.

LORD REAY AT THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY ASSOCIATION.

ON Saturday afternoon H. E. the Governor met the members of the Bombay Presidency Association at their rooms, Hornby Row, when his Excellency was presented with an address. Shortly before five o'clock the Governor arrived, accompanied by Captain Forbes, A.-D.-C., and the proceedings were at once commenced.

Mr. Javerilal Umiashanker Yajnik, without any prefatory remarks, read the following address :—

To His Excellency the Right Hon. Lord Reay, K.C.I.E., LL.D., Governor of Bombay.

My Lord,—The very important subject which has for the last twelve months and upwards been pressing heavily on the attention of your Excellency and your honourable colleagues, having now been practically disposed of, the Council of the Bombay Presidency Association crave leave to approach your Excellency with a representation touching certain other matters in which the people of this Presidency are vitally interested. In doing so, however, the Council desire to avail themselves of this opportunity to express to your Excellency and your colleagues their most cordial gratitude for the courage and singleness of purpose which have been so conspicuous in the conduct of the Government of Bombay in the Crawford inquiry. The Council appreciate fully the difficulties that lay in the way of the Government in that matter—both those created by the very nature of the proceedings itself and those created by extraneous circumstances, on which it is not needful now to dwell. The Council feel that the people of this Presidency, and indeed of the whole empire, owe a debt of deep gratitude to your Excellency's Government for the manner in which you sought to remove a gigantic evil rampant in this Presidency for many years past and to vindicate the good name for purity of the British administration in India. The Council need hardly add that entertaining these feelings, they have read with particular satisfaction the speech of the Secretary of State in the House of Lords and of H. E. the Viceroy in the Legislative Council at Simla, in which, in spite of persistent misrepresentation from various quarters, their Lordships have spoken in appreciative terms of your Excellency's services to the country in this matter.

2. The topics which are now attracting special public attention relate principally to forest and abkari administration, to village sanitation, to the extension of Bombay city, and to that subject of vital importance to the empire, namely, education.

3. As to forests, this Association having taken some part in drawing the prominent attention of your Excellency's Government to the people's grievances in this respect, soon after your assumption of your high office, has naturally felt a somewhat special interest in the question. The council must, however, take the opportunity of stating to your Excellency that considerable disappointment has been felt by those principally concerned at the final results arrived at. The people had hoped that the very moderate and reasonable proposals of the Forest Commission would have been accepted, but they have been keenly disappointed by the Government resolution recently issued. It is doubtful whether the legitimate grievances of the agriculturists and the owners of private forests which led to the appointment of the Commission, have at all been redressed.

4. Abkari administration is a topic to which the recent resolution of the House of Commons has again drawn very prominent attention. And all interested in public affairs are awaiting an exposition of what is to be the actual policy of the authorities in view of that resolution. The rules and regulations which are from time to time enforced, notably those published in July last, under the plea of illicit distillation, regarding the drawing and sale of toddy, are universally felt to be most vexatious by the large mass of the labouring population. The destruction, again, by their owners, of lakhs of toddy-trees in Surat and elsewhere, conclusively proves the extent of the "positive hardship" to which they are subjected. In short, the "boycotting of toddy" which has been so vigorously carried on by the Abkari department, with almost unremitting activity for years past, is one of the crying evils against which the people have been bitterly complaining, but hitherto to no purpose. The two memorials forwarded by the council of the Association, one in 1885 and the other in 1887, still remain unacknowledged. Besides, the important points touching the operations of the farming system, recently brought out with lucidity and force, especially challenge notice from the authorities. The Council have no hesitation in stating that it is principally at the root of the mischief of growing intemperance.

5. The recent introduction into the Bombay Legislative Council of the Village Sanitation Bill has excited considerable interest in various parts of the Presidency. On this subject the Council of the Association have already submitted their views to the Legislative Council, which they trust will receive due consideration. It is to be hoped that the measure will be divested of many of the objectionable provisions therein, principally those which contemplate a voluntary contribution and local cess, so as to enable your Excellency's Government to attain the good which is sought.

6. In regard to the extension of Bombay, the public is anxiously awaiting the issue of the resolution of Government in regard to the recommendations of the Extension Committee. The subject is one of considerable interest to the public of the city, especially from a sanitary point of view. The evil consequences of overcrowding in thickly populated parts, and the necessity of reserving open spaces for ventilation, wherever possible, are two subjects which urgently call for the attention of the authorities.

7. The question of education is one of the most vital and far-reaching importance. The Association has learnt with some alarm of the recent orders of Government for enhancement of fees and for transfers of Government High Schools to private management, and there is a general sense of insecurity in regard to the basis of our system of higher liberal education. The Council have no feeling but one of satisfaction at the auspicious commencement of technical education made by your Excellency's Government with the co-operation of Sir Dinshaw Manockji Petit, the trustees of the Ripon Fund, the Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy Fund, and others. But the Council are sorry to note, among events that are now occurring, some apparent foundation for the charge that the new policy is, that liberal education is in future to be starved in the interests of technical education. The Council would be sorry to see such a policy gaining the ascendant; and even the spread of the feeling that it is likely to do so, is not to be contemplated without some nervousness. Meanwhile, the declarations of the Supreme Government help, to some extent, to strengthen such a feeling. To those who, like the Council, think that the British Government in India, although it has done a very great deal, has not yet done in the past all it should for education, and who think that, in any event, they should still go on for many years to come devoting a large and an increasing share of the country's revenue to that object, it is far from satisfactory to learn that the Government of India, while acknowledging the desirability and the necessity of certain reforms and new developments in our system of liberal education, nevertheless preface that acknowledgment by an apparently inflexible determination not to contribute anything from the public revenues for the purpose. This policy is far from liberal, especially for a comparatively poor country like India, having regard to the noteworthy fact that in every part of the civilised world there is annually spent a large percentage of revenue on education, and that primary education in the United States and on the Continent of Europe is imparted free at State cost. It is a matter to be greatly deplored that the actual expenditure of the Government of India on education does not exceed one-eightieth part of the gross revenue of the empire, while only four per cent. of the population can read and write. The actual expenditure on education in the Bombay Presidency is only one-fifty-fifth part of its total revenue. The Council beg most respectfully but emphatically to express their dissent from this policy, and they propose, as soon as they have collected further information on the subject, to formally bring up the matter before your Excellency's Government and the other authorities concerned.

8. One subject we have not noticed here, although it is the one which may almost be said to be the subject of most immediate and absorbing interest. We mean the subject of the treatment of the "peccant mamlutdars." The subject is now in the hands of the superior authorities, and we feel that whatever our opinions may be regarding the grave issues involved therein, it would hardly be appropriate for us to refer to it on the present occasion.

His Excellency, who was received with loud cheers, in reply, said :—

Sir Dinshaw Petit and Gentlemen,—I am very grateful for the very cordial reception which you have given me; and it is a cause of great disappointment to me that I cannot enter fully into the matters which are discussed in your address, for the very simple reason that my medical advisers have sealed my lips. And I never venture to doubt the wisdom of the precepts of my legal and my medical advisers. (Laughter and applause.) Nor do I attempt to enter into any controversy with them. But on this occasion **I was successful in negotiating a compromise, and after having been first of all prohibited from appearing in your midst, I was allowed to come, on condition that I should not speak any longer than five minutes.** I am afraid I am already trespassing beyond that limit. If this is the shortest speech which I have ever made on such an occasion in addressing so distinguished an assembly of the leading members of the native community in this Presidency; the answer which I shall ultimately return to your address, and in which I hope to treat at some length the various interesting topics, will receive due attention, and will, I am afraid, not have the merit of brevity. The fact is I am not at all sure that when you will receive my reply you will not consider my indisposition a rather fortunate incident which intercepted a long speech. However, I repeat, I am extremely sorry that on account of an indisposition, which was the result of my absence from the Presidency—and it is a remarkable circumstance that whenever I leave the Presidency I seem to come back to it in a less satisfactory state of health, which shows how thoroughly the Bombay climate agrees with me. I must apologise to you that for the present I cannot speak at once, as I was quite prepared to do on the various subjects mentioned in your address. (Applause.)

Sir Dinshaw Manockji Petit, in proposing a vote of thanks to His Excellency, said :—

Your Excellency,—I beg to tender on behalf of this Association, our warmest thanks for doing us the honour of being present here to-day. We take your Excellency's presence here on this occasion as illustrating the desire of the British Government in India to take the public into its confidence, and we are particularly thankful that the further step in advance taken by your Excellency in this respect as being taken in connection with this Association. (Applause.)

The Hon. Mr. K. T. Telang, who seconded the motion of a vote of thanks to His Excellency, said :—

I think I need hardly call upon you to pass this vote of thanks to His Excellency, which has been proposed by Sir Dinshaw, with acclamation. (Applause.) I am sure the members of this Association, and all the native public of Bombay, will feel that His Excellency has done us a great honour by being present on this occasion, and particularly so when we remember the condition in which his Excellency unfortunately is. (Loud applause.)

The proceedings then terminated.

THE NASIK HOSPITAL.

THE following address was presented to Lord Reay on his visit to Nasik last week, when His Excellency laid the foundation-stone of the new hospital :—

To His Excellency the Right Honorable Lord Reay, G.C.I.E.

We, the undersigned, president and members of the committee of the Nasik branch of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, take advantage of this your Excellency's first visit to Nasik to offer a warm greeting, and to lay before you a short account of the work done. A public meeting was held in November, 1885, at which subscriptions to the amount of about Rs. 800 were promised; but nothing further was then attempted, chiefly owing to the fact that the amount promised was so small that there seemed little hope of any good results being attained. At the Jubilee rejoicings in February, 1887, the matter was again brought forward, and a determination was then formed to try and take some steps towards the practical development of an object, which her Excellency Lady Reay had so much at heart, and in which your Excellency also is known to sympathise. Monthly and annual subscriptions were started, and Lady Reay's Bombay Committee promised a grant of Rs. 65 per mensem for some time. This enabled us to establish a lying-in-hospital on the 20th June, 1887. We then engaged a duly qualified matron and secured a house adjacent to the Civil Hospital, so as to obtain immediate help from the civil surgeon in case of need. After a few months we were able to move to more convenient quarters, where we opened a hospital for the treatment of in-door and out-door female patients and children suffering from diseases of different kinds. The present matron, an English-speaking native, has been attending the civil hospital for some time, to learn compounding and dispensing medicines, and the civil surgeon reports that she is skilful, and has enough knowledge to enable her to treat ordinary diseases. Our thanks are due to the different civil surgeons who have officiated here, for they have always kindly attended the hospital *gratis*, and assisted us in every way in furthering the objects of this institution.

The number of patients treated during the last ten months is as follows :—Lying-in-cases, 12; out-door labour cases, 72; in-door patients, 49; and out-door patients, 300.

Of the above patients 387 are from Nasik and 16 from outside. We have found that relief has been given in several cases, of which nothing would have been heard, had it not been that our matron had gone about among the people. The number of lying-in-patients may seem small, but the objection which a conservative people feel towards any new movement, must be considered. The larger part of the matron's duties consists in attending labour-cases in private houses. The number of such cases is increasing, and we hope that there will be a diminution of the evils arising from ignorance and prejudice. Three women, two of whom are Brahim widows, began a course of training under our matron, and then went to the Cama Hospital in Bombay. Two have already received diplomas from the Cama Hospital, and the third is now studying there.

Our annual expense is about Rs. 1,425, and our income, including the grant from the Central Fund, is about Rs. 1,500, a year. We have asked the Municipality and the Local Board each to sanction a permanent annual grant of Rs. 300. On the banks of Shet Morarji Goculdas, C.I.E., an enlightened Bhatia Merchant and millowner, has allowed her charity to flow in a new channel, and by generously promising a sum of money sufficient to build a hospital, will cause her name to be remembered with gratitude by the sick and suffering who will benefit by her bounty. Through the kind assistance of Shet Chaturbhooj Morarji and other benevolent gentlemen we have also secured subscriptions from Bombay to the amount of Rs. 7,800 to provide an endowment fund.

The donations are as follows :—Sir Dinshaji Manekji Petit, Kt., Rs. 1,000, Shet Chatrubhooj Morarji Rs. 1,000, Shet Dhurumsey Morarji Goculdas Rs.1,000, Shet Govurdhundas Goculdas Tejpal Rs. 1,000, Desai Hariprasad Santokram Rs. 1,000, Shet Nusserwanji Manekji Petit Rs. 700, Shet Khimji Jiva Rs. 500, Shet Manji Narsi Rs. 300, Shet Thakersi Moolji and sons Rs. 250, Shet Liladhur Shamji and Vasonji Nanji Rs. 250, Shet Dhurumsey Soonderdas Muljі Rs. 250, Shet Jairam Narronji Rs. 200, Shet Damodar Tapidas Rs. 200, Shet Sorabji Saparji Bengali Rs. 100. We have had to contend against passive resistance and prejudice, and we respectfully submit that we may without boasting say that we have done some solid work both in relieving, suffering, and in our small way aiding in training nurses. But we feel that we could not have done so much or indeed have started work at all but for the unceasing efforts which your Excellency and Lady Reay have made in ameliorating the condition of the women of this Presidency, the kindly interest which you have taken in our proceedings and the generous aid which has been afforded to us from the General Fund.

We have now the honor to request your Excellency to lay the foundation-stone of our hospital. We had hoped that this ceremony would have been performed by Lady Reay, and we request that you will convey our request to her. We regret, not only because we are denied the honor of Lady Reay's presence among us; but because the labour she has spent in extending the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, renders her the fittest person to perform such a ceremony. We hope that your Excellency may take with you a pleasant memory of Nasik, showing that the good seed, which Lady Reay has so carefully tended has already borne some fruit in what seemed at first an uncongenial soil.

Shet Dhurumsey Morarji Goculdas spoke as under after the foundation stone was duly laid :—May it please your Excellency,—I beg leave in my mother's name and my own to thank your Excellency for having kindly laid this foundation-stone. It has given my mother and me much pleasure to be able to forward the objects on which Lady Reay has spent so much labour, and in grateful recognition of Her Excellency's unceasing efforts I propose to present an oil-painting of Lady Reay to be placed in the hospital.

WHEN the last mail left England, writes the *Pioneer*, Mr. Keay had by his extreme utterances in favour of land nationalisation alienated many of his own supporters, so that if ever there was a chance for a good Unionist candidate, it seemed now to have arrived. The event, however, shows that the chance has been thrown away; and instead of the Gladstonian majority being reduced or wiped out, it has been increased from 119 to 532, and of the 747 additional voters who polled on the present occasion, 580 have gone to Mr. Keay and only 167 to his opponent.

NOTES FROM JHANSI.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

JHANSI, Oct. 13.

THE Indian-Midland Railway, notably so, the Jhansi-Manikpur section, the authorities are substituting native drivers and guards for Europeans and Eurasians! The plea, I am told, is that the above section is not at present a paying one. Through communication was only opened on the 1st August, and there is scarcely sufficient time to arrive at such a hasty financial conclusion. Besides, it must be remembered, that the recent monsoon has had much to do with short traffic. The speed on the above section is to be increased from 15 to 25 miles per hour, and the time is to be altered shortly. The bees on the girders of the Betwa bridge still defy expulsion. I counted no less that sixty-five hives or "combs," and averaging nearly two feet long. The Engineering Department has been ordered to remove the unwelcome pests at all costs. They are not a nuisance when the trains pass over the bridge at nights.

It is gratifying to find now that "refreshment rooms" have been opened at this important Central Station and at Banda, the contractor being Mr. Desai from Bombay.

Immediate additions are needed to the junction railway station at Manikpore (E. I. R.). There is only one small uncomfortable damp room for ladies and gentlemen. On one occasion I found the room littered with documents belonging to an E. I. R. railway servant. The waiting-room is not intended for railway officials, auditors, and others; they put the travelling public to the greatest inconvenience from the Jhansi side. I trust these "notes" will meet the eye of the popular Agent, Mr. Cregeen. Another annoyance by the present arrangement is that the Bombay mail train arrives here about 5 a.m. Just as this train is signalled, so to speak, at the next station from here, the Manikpur passenger train steams out of Jhansi about 4-30 a.m., thereby putting the incoming passengers to the greatest inconvenience by delaying them here for *twenty-four* hours! I daresay, the new time table will remedy the evil complained of.

It is amusing at times to read the rules, regulations, and remarks in the Dak bungalows in the North-West Provinces. Sir Frederick Roberts seems to be ignored! The General Order, exhibited on the boards, runs thus, and is dated 11th April, 1859 :—"Lord Clyde trusts that he will receive no more complaints (I daresay he won't) of officers disregarding staging bungalow rules in the North-West Provinces!" Has not the time arrived to frame fresh rules for the guidance of officers and others?

NOTES FROM BERAR.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

AMRAOTI, Oct. 9.

THE peculiarity of the atmosphere—heat, cold, and rain occasionally—has caused public health to be anything but satisfactory. Fever, the ban of Berar, is rather prevalent in all the districts. The mortuary and birth register for the month of July last is rather appalling. There were during the above month 10,014 deaths and 9,138 births, against 7,295 deaths and 7,707 births during the preceding month. Cholera has been the cause of the increase in the death register. Unless we have a proper system of water-supply and sanitation rules strictly enforced, the high annual mortality will continue to the end of the chapter.

There is to be a Horse and Cattle Show here at the end of next month under the direction of the Veterinary Surgeon of Berar. It is to be hoped that it will be more satisfactory than the "Exhibition of October, 1887," at Akola, which was considered a fail ure. To make these Shows encouraging they should be held annually, and the "prizes" more liberal. I must candidly confess that the horse flesh and draught bullocks have much degenerated since 1867. Now that "horse-farming" has become an institution in this province, we hope to see great improvement in the equine family.

It is whispered that, owing to the paucity of officers in this province no leave of any kind is to be granted to the present incumbents, although they have earned their holidays. This is considered hard lines.

The Hingoli Race Meeting is to be held at the end of this month. Entries have been made from the adjoining civil and military stations.

The cotton and kharif crops are in a thriving condition. The outturn is anticipated to be from 12 to 14 annas in the rupee.

It is currently reported that the new Resident at Hyderabad intends visiting this province about the end of next month. Most probably the new "Barra Saheb" will see to the working of the newly-fledged judicial scheme, presided over by Colonel Mackenzie.

The Lord Bishop of Madras, F. Gell, D.D., intends paying his triennial visit next month. At certain stations the prelate will hold Confirmation services.

RAILWAY SERVANTS AND LOCAL TAXES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I shall feel much obliged for the following information :—I am residing within railway limits, *i.e.*, within the fencing. Am I subject to the obnoxious Municipal or Town Fund Taxes? I am already paying the Income-tax. I believe railway servants are exempted from paying local taxes, when the railway company gives them quarters on their ground and within the fencing.—Yours, &c.,

A RAILWAY MAN.

THE CHINA COTTON MARKET.

MR. JAMASJEE'S cotton circular, dated Hongkong, September 23rd, says :—

Since the date of our last report our yarn market has developed no new feature. The attention of the dealers continues to be chiefly directed to Nos. 6s, 8s, and 10s, in which the bulk of the business has been done, previous prices having been maintained, although a few transactions of cargo "to arrive" have to be recorded at somewhat lower rates. The higher counts 12s, 16s and 20s, present the same discouraging aspect, sales not exceeding actual limited requirements, and prices showing a further decline about 50 cents per bale in many instances. So far no effect has been produced in this market by the news of the mills in Bombay having decided to curtail productions for some time by working only three weeks in a month. Settlements of No. 20s have again been very small and confined only to a few suitable spinnings, prices in several instances showing a decline of about 50 cents per bale. Middling and lower qualities still continue to be neglected, although importers are willing to sell at lower rates. A very insignificant business in Nos. 12s and 16s has been done, and the few sales reported

AN ANGRY RAJA.

FROM Bareilly a correspondent writes to a contemporary :—The magisterial courts which have now opened after the vacation will shortly be engaged in hearing a case in which the young Raja of Tehri is the defendant, and Surgeon Hanley the complainant. As far as I have been able to gather, the following are the circumstances which have given occasion to the complainant to resort to the criminal courts. A few evenings ago Surgeon Hanley was driving down the mall, and the defendant was coming up from the city. He kept driving steadily in the centre of the road, with the result that he all but collided with Dr. Hanley's trap. In passing, the latter struck out with his whip at the Raja's coachman. The stroke unfortunately and quite unintentionally fell on the young Raja. Then ensued a scene. The young Raja and his followers got down from their carriage and started abusing Dr. Hanley. Nor was this all. The Raja immediately despatched his conveyance to the city for some more of his armed followers. These men soon arrived on the scene, but confined their loyalty to their chief to brandishing *lathies* and pouring forth volleys of abuse. All this occurred near the police chauki (civil station). Surgeon Hanley bore the ordeal without a murmur. I believe he even apologised and told the Raja that the stroke was *quite unintentional* and meant for his coachman as a gentle rebuke to keep on the right side of the road. But his remonstrance was of no avail, and seeing the threatening attitude of the Raja and his followers, he had no option but to enter the police chauki and there lodge a complaint against the former for abuse, intimidations, assault and use of language calculated to provoke a breach of the peace.

BEATEN TO DEATH BY MARWAREES.

ON Saturday night a man named Bheswa Hurree, a carpenter by trade, met his death in a most brutal manner at the hands of some Marwarees he wanted to borrow from. From the evidence led at an inquest on the body held at the morgue yesterday it appeared that Bhewa Hurree went while in an intoxicated state to the firm of Dhurma Bhugga and Company, Marwaree money-lenders, Girgaum Road, and asked Dhurma Bhugga for a loan of four annas. Dhurma refused to give him the loan, when Bheswa made an attempt to enter the shop, using abusive language to the Marwarees. A Marwaree named Surroopa Jessa, getting angry, struck the deceased a blow on the chest with his fist. Then another Marwaree named Punna Sanna seized deceased by the arm and pulled him off the bench upon which he was sitting. That act Surroopa followed up by striking the helpless man another blow on the chest with his fist; next Surroopa, Punna, and a third Marwaree named Lalla Walla lifted deceased up and threw him out into the street. Deceased fell on his back, striking his head on the road. As deceased lay still and motionless, Surroopa Punna and Lalla shortly afterwards dragged the man along the street for a short distance and dropping his head on the ground again, returned once more to their shop. A police ramoose named Cassim Bappoo, who witnessed the whole occurrence, thinking the deceased was killed, went up to him and found he was dead. He then of course arrested the three Marwarees—Surroopa, Punna, and Lalla. Dr. Sidney Smith, Surgeon to the Coroner, who made a post-mortem examination on the body of the deceased, was of opinion that the cause of death was fracture of the skull. To cause such a fracture, considerable violence would have been required. The jury returned the following verdict:—"That the death of Bhewa Hurree was caused by fracture of the skull, caused by his being thrown out of a shop into the street by Surroopa Jessa, Punna Sanna, and Lalla Walla. Under such circumstances the act was culpable homicide not amounting to murder.

BRUTAL ATTEMPT TO MURDER.

On Saturday morning a most brutal assault was committed by a Mahomedan, named Munshi Nabbeebux Salarbux on a woman named Chanda, at a house in Jail Road. He had evidently quarrelled with the woman, and attacking her with a clasp knife, inflicted upon her no less than nine wounds, eight on the back and one on her face. It appears the woman Chanda lived with Nabbeebux for the last three years as his wife, but about a month ago she left him in consequence of his ill-treatment of her and took up her abode in the house where she was assaulted. During this time Nabbeebux frequently visited her, and tried to prevail upon her to return to him, when she kept putting him off with promises that she would return to him, but never fulfilled them. On Saturday morning he again visited her with the same object, when she again put him off with a promise. Nabbeebux, it would appear, became enraged, and in a passion, drew his knife and assaulted her. A severe struggle ensued, out of which the man did not come unscathed, he receiving several wounds from his own knife, which was turned upon him by the desperate woman. While the fight was going on, a man who lived in the same house, named Hossein Gundoo appeared; and coming to the woman's rescue pluckily seized hold of Nabeebux and disarmed him, after a severe struggle. The police were then sent for and Nubbeebux taken in custody. The wounded woman, who was found lying exhausted in the floor in a pool of blood, was at once removed to the J. J. Hospital, where she is now lying in a precarious state. The man Munshi Nubbeebux Salarbux was on Saturday charged by Superintendent Browin at the Esplanade Police Court before Mr. C. P. Cooper with attempting to commit murder, but on the application of the police officer the case was postponed for hearing till the 23th instant, pending the recovery of the woman, while the accused was sent to jail.

A MADRASSEE'S NOTES IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

A WELL known citizen of Madras, writing to the mail from London on the 16th ultimo, said :—

"One of the most enjoyable days I have spent since I returned home was in the House of Commons. I was fortunately present during one of the debates on the Budget, and heard all the great guns except Hartington and Churchill. Both were present but did not speak. Gladstone was on his feet several times. His vitality and energy, both physical and mental, are really wonderful; but, in my opinion, he looks his age. His voice, too, is the voice of the octogenarian. What struck me about him more than anything was the absence of that calm and dignified repose, which one would except to see in a man occupying his distinguished position. His movements are spasmodic, and his attitudes frequently grotesque. He jumps from his seat, with arms wildly extended, and coat tails flying, intervals of five minutes; he shoots suddenly along the bench, and whispers excitedly to a colleague; he fidgets perpetually, and is constantly dodging about, and getting entangled amongst his neighbours' legs; and he rushes into debates, looking very like an angry cockatoo, about twenty times an hour. Contrast all this with Dizzy's statuesque attitude, maintained for hours; his quiet and self contained manner, his thoughtful countenance, and reticent habits; and it is not difficult to understand why, when he did speak, how much more effectual was his intervention in debate, and how much greater weight attached to his utterances than is the case with Gladstone. To my mind the man who has most grit in him in the present Parliament is Balfour; a good speaker, and a quick debater, he is a man after Dizzy's own heart in that he does not know how to spell fear, nor has he studied the meaning of giving in. What a man he is to stick to his guns! I was agreeably surprised by W. H. Smith, a clever man, and an excellent leader. Randolph didn't speak, but with his brains what a pity that he cannot give and take a little, and thus keep in line with his party! People all abuse him, but he is a great political force in the country, and one which must be reckoned with by all parties."

THE Committee which was appointed to enquire into the safety of the ventilating shafts on coolie emigrant vessels, has submitted its report to the Bengal Government.

CERTAIN rules are published this week regulating the submission of petitions addressed to the Government of India. Public bodies or private persons must send petitions through local Governments, though they may forward simultaneously a copy direct to the Government of India. In the case of officers in civil employ, each must petition separately through the head of his office. Local Governments are given certain latitude about withholding petitions, but in such cases they must inform the petitioners of their reasons for so doing.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," for it WILL POSITIVELY RESTORE IN EVERY CASE GREY OR WHITE HAIR to its original colour, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 3s, 6d. per bottle. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Co., Limited, Farringdon-Road, London, England.

COLABA LAND AND MILL COMPANY.

THE tenth ordinary general meeting of shareholders of the company was held on Saturday at the office of Mr. N. M. Wadia, Parsee Bazar Street, there being an unusually large attendance of shareholders. Mr. N. M. Wadia, chairman of the board of directors, presided. Mr. K. R. Cama, the secretary, read the notice convening the meeting, and the following report of the directors was submitted :—

The directors beg to submit the annual report of their administration of the company's affairs during the twelve months ended 30th June last, together with the audited balance-sheet and profit and loss account on that date. It will be seen from the accounts that the nett earnings of the year amount to Rs. 1,06,926-6 derived as follows :—From the land and other properties, Rs. 86,753-13-6; from mill, Rs. 20,172-8-6;—total Rs. 1,06,926-6. *Add*—Balance from last account, Rs. 3,603-12-10;—grand total, Rs. 1,10,535-2-10. Out of the above sum the directors have already distributed Rs. 60,000 as *ad-interim* dividend for the first six months at the rate of Rs. 15 per share, deducting which amount from the above leaves Rs. 50,535-2-10 as disposable profit. The directors recommend that a dividend of Rs. 10 per share be declared for the second six months, which will absorb Rs. 40,000, and that Rs. 10,000 be carried to mill depreciation fund, leaving a balance of Rs. 535-2-10 to be carried forward to the credit of the current year. The directors, in common with others, have to lament the sad condition of the mill industry, which has told severely, particularly on old mills like ours. Cotton and coals have both been dear all through without any retrieving advantage of corresponding rise in cloth and yarn. The market for the former has been stagnant all along, whilst yarn too has suffered from excess of stock during the latter portion. The Jehangir Wadia Mill was nearly completed at the date of this report, since when most of the machinery has been set agoing. The mill is equipped with Messrs. Platt Brothers' machinery, which is held to be superior in make and correspondingly dearer than that of any other maker. The exchange also was specially unfavourable last year. Last year's report stated that the old mill required renovation, and as a first step towards it all the old spinning spindles have been removed and replaced by 15,332 new ones from Messrs. Platt Brothers, of which 9,344 are ring and 6,048 mule. We had 2,708 ring spindles already at the mill which, together with the above, make a total of 18,100 spindles now at work. This points to a reduction of 4,432 spindles from 22,532, the maximum number we once had. The last report referred also to some changes in the engines. The new cylinders, fly-wheel, &c., have arrived, and will be set in shortly. It is hoped that there will be a good saving in the consumption of coals in consequence. The directors regret that Messrs. Sorabji Shapoorji Bengalee, C.I.E., and Sorabjee Framjee Patell, two of their directors of nearly twelve years' standing, the former being chairman also for very many of them, have left the board. Their resignation had ultimately to be accepted with extreme reluctance and great regret. Their services were of great value and always highly appreciated. Hence their secession from the board must be regarded a loss to the company. In their stead Messrs. Burjorjee Rustomjee Mody and Dosabhoy Framjee Karaka, C.S.I., have been appointed by the board, subject, however, to your sanction at this meeting. The directors retiring in their rotation are Messrs. Dosabhoy Framjee Karaka, C.S.I., and Hurkisondas Narotumdas, both of whom are eligible for re-election. You have also to elect two auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

It was proposed by the chairman, and seconded by Mr. Sorabjee Shapurjee Bengalee, that the directors' report and the statement of accounts be approved and confirmed.

Mr. Hormasjee Shapurjee Chothia, solicitor, opposed the proposition and wished to move an amendment. How was it, he would ask, that while other mills made profits, their mill made none?

A shareholder : No, there is mismanagement. There is certainly mismanagement.

Mr. Hormusjee asked, taking the instance of the Morarjee and other old mills, how they made profits? The statement in the report that the condition of the mill industry had told severely, particularly on old mills like theirs, was not a creditable statement to make. Referring to an item of Rs. 25,000, mentioned in the accounts, Mr. Hormusjee showed that Rs. 15,000 out of it were for interest, so they had earned nothing during the year. He mentioned instances of other old mills which had been paying 10 and 20 per cent. dividend; and he suggested that the report and accounts should not be adopted, but that a committee should be appointed, who, in conjunction with the directors, should look into the affairs of the company and suggest improvements. There had been a growing feeling of uneasiness among the shareholders who felt that something was wrong with their company. It might be that they were wrong, and that the directors were right; and Mr. Hormusjee hoped, therefore, that the directors would cordially support his amendment for an enquiry.

At this stage, at the request of some shareholders, the proceedings were conducted in the Vernacular. In effect they were conducted partly in English, but mostly in the Vernacular.

Mr. Sorabjee S. Bengalee, who was on the board for several years, but had now retired, cited facts and figures regarding the working of the company in answer to Mr. Hormusjee's remarks. He contended that, during the last eight or ten years, the company's affairs had been in a satisfactory condition; that there was nothing to give cause for adverse remarks upon the management, which had been conducted in the most economic manner; that there was no occasion for alarm regarding the state of the company, merely because they had made no profits during the last year; and that the company was yet in a good hopeful state and would improve again and yield profits to the shareholders. Three-fourths of the capital of the company consisted of land, and the remaining one-fourth of the mill. Mr. Sorabjee showed by facts and figures that the shareholders had got in the past several years Rs. 45, interest on the land, which was actually more than they could have expected to realise. Some shareholders thought that they had not earned what they ought to have earned, but that was a wrong impression. In former years, the earnings of the company were very good: only this year, they were small. They had a reserve fund of Rs. 2,25,000 to improve the mill, and the directors had been gradually introducing improvements and setting up new machinery. As to the inquiry suggested by Mr. Hormusjee, the speaker had no objection, and he thought his friends on the board would not object to it. The result of it would show the shareholders that the mill was not in a bad way, and that there was no occasion for an uneasy feeling. He and Mr. Patel had resigned the board for reasons, of which the directors knew nothing.

A Shareholder : Because you and Mr. Patel resigned, we thought that the company was in a bad way.

Mr. Sorabjee said that was not so. The mill was not in a bad way, and he thought it would improve considerably.

Mr. Hormusjee said that, in making the remarks he did, he had no intention to find fault with the directors, and he could not understand the apparent disfavour with which his proposal seemed to be received.

Mr. Hurkissondas Narotumdas, a director : We have been introducing improvements during the last four or five years.

Mr. Damodhardas Tapidas, another director, explained in detail the several improvements in the mill, which the directors had effected.

A Shareholder remarked that the report should not be adopted.

The Chairman : If you don't adopt the report, we cannot pay you the dividend.

Another Shareholder : By all means adopt the report, and the same time appoint the committee of enquiry.

Mr. Hurkissondas : We are perfectly willing to accept an enquiry. We actually desire it.

Mr. Hormusjee affirmed that, in suggesting an enquiry he had not the remotest intention to reflect upon the directors.

Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee remarked that, if they did not adopt the report, it would be a reflection upon the directors. It would be thought that the accounts must be wrong when the report was not adopted, and under such an impression no respectable man would remain on the board. He for one, notwithstanding all his desire to benefit the company, would not in that case remain on the board. He would say that there was no other company which was worked more honestly or more economically than this. He would be glad if an enquiry was made, but the committee, the shareholders appointed, should consist of men of mill experience.

Mr. Sorabjee R. Mody : There is nothing wrong in the accounts, and we must pass them; as otherwise it would be a reflection upon the directors. No doubt the earnings are small this year; but there is hope of improvement.

Mr. Hormusjee said he had no objection to the adoption of the report; and he never meant to reflect upon the directors.

Mr. Damodhardas Tapidas said they had already introduced several thousands of Platt Brothers' new spindles, and there must be an improvement in the earnings of the mill in future.

Mr. Hormusjee : We are very glad to hear Mr. Damodhardass' explanation, as it gives us hope of future improvement.

Mr. Hurkisondas : You must admit, Mr. Hormusjee, that we have been making improvements day by day.

Mr. Hormusjee was in favour of adopting the report and appointing a committee. He then moved that the following gentlemen be appointed a committee of the shareholders, with power to add two new persons with the consent of the directors, to report generally on the affairs of the company and to suggest methods for improvement thereof, if any, and to submit their views to the shareholders at a special meeting to be called by the directors within one month from the date of the report :—Messrs. Vijbhucandas Atmaram, Vundravundas Purshotumdas, Ardasir Pestonjee Setna, Sorabjee Rustomjee Mody, and Dr. Shantaram Vithal.

The chairman's proposition for the adoption of the report, and Mr. Hormusjee's proposition for the appointment of a committee of enquiry, which was seconded by Mr. Barjorjee Muncherjee Oonvalla, were put to the meeting, one after the other, and were unanimously adopted.

The *ad-interim* dividend of Rs. 15 per share for the six months ended 31st December 1888, declared by the directors, and paid to the shareholders was confirmed, and a further dividend of Rs. 10 per share out of the profits of the company was declared payable on and after the 16th inst.

It was proposed by Mr. Vijbhucandas Atmaram, and seconded by Mr. Manekial Gocaldas, that the appointment of Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee, C.S.I., and Mr. Barjorjee Rustomjee Mody, as directors of the company in place of Mr. Sorabjee S. Bengalee, C.I.E., and Mr. Sorabjee Framjee Patel, be and is hereby confirmed.

The proposition was agreed to unanimously.

It was proposed by Dr. Shantaram Vithal that Mr. Dosabhai Framjee Karaka, C.S.I., and Mr. Hurkissondas Narotumdas, who retired by rotation, be re-elected directors of the company. Dr. Shantaram said he had no doubt all would agree with him in thinking that Mr. Dosabhai would be a very valuable acquisition to the board, and all must feel that the interests of the shareholders would be most carefully watched by him.

Mr. Dyabhoy Tapidas seconded the proposition, which was carried unanimously.

It was proposed by Dr. Shantaram Vithal, and seconded by Mr. Sorabjee Rustomjee Mody, that Mr. James Douglas and Mr. Nusserwanjee Sorabjee Jamsetjee be appointed auditors of the company, and that their remuneration be Rs. 150 each per half-yearly audit.

A discussion arose on this subject. Several shareholders wanted to propose other independent auditors of their own choice. It was explained to them that, not having given seven days' previous notice, they could not, according to the articles, propose other auditors. They answered that they gave no notice, because they did not know it was necessary, and averred that, as the appointment of auditors was an item of business to be transacted at the meeting, they had a right to propose auditors of their own choice. The appointment of auditors was always a matter within the province of the shareholders, not the directors.

The directors were firm, and said that they could not override the articles, and that without previous notice no other auditors could be proposed.

The proposition was put to the vote and was lost.

It was stated for the directors that the shareholders not having exercised their right to appoint auditors, the directors would themselves make the appointment, which they had the power to make under one of the articles.

Mr. Hormusjee said that, if they did so, the shareholders would probably apply for an injunction of the High Court to restrain them.

Mr. Sorabjee Bengalee : Let them do so.

It was proposed by Mr. Sorabjee Rustomjee Mody, and seconded by Dr. Shantaram Vithal, that this meeting regrets the retirement of Messrs. Sorabjee S. Bengalee and Sorabjee Framjee Patel from the board of directors of the company and begs to tender its best thanks for their valuable services to the company for a series of years. The meeting further begs to express a hope that Mr. Sorabjee Bengalee will be pleased to rejoin the board. Further that a copy of the resolution be communicated to the gentlemen concerned.

The proposition was put to the meeting and carried with acclamation. The customary compliment to the chairman terminated the proceedings.

PROGRAMME OF PROPOSED TOUR OF HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HON. THE GOVERNOR OF MADRAS.

Oct. 6.—Arrive at Simla at 2 p.m.
Oct. 12.—Leave Simla at 7 a.m.; and Umballa at 7-5 p.m.
Oct. 13.—Arrive at Lahore at 6 a.m.
Oct. 14.—Leave Lahore at 5-15 p.m.
Oct. 15—Arrive at Mooltan at 4 a.m., and Rak Junction at 7-48 p.m. Leave Rak Junction at 8-20 p.m.
Oct. 16.—Arrive at Quetta at 6-40 p.m.
Oct 17, 18, 19 and 20.—Halt at Quetta.
Oct. 21.—Leave Quetta at 8 a.m.
Oct. 22.—Arrive at Rak Junction at 5-22 a.m. and leave Rak Junction at 5-52 a.m. Arrive at Karachi 6-43 p.m.
Oct. 23.—Leave Karachi at 1 p.m.
Oct. 25.—Arrive at Bombay at 1 p.m., and leave Bombay at 2 p.m.
Oct. 26.—Leave Raichur at 12-45 p.m., and arrive at Raichur at 12 noon.
Oct. 27.—Arrive at Madras at 6-15 a.m.

THE MOHANT OF TRIPATI.

THE further hearing of the charge against the Mohant of Tripati was taken up by Mr. Bosanquet on Tuesday last. The Magistrate, after a long consultation with the Police Superintendent and counsel regarding a further adjournment, announced his decision as follows :—

"Gentlemen,—I see nothing for it but to adjourn this case. It is most necessary on public grounds that the case should now be adjourned. The charge brought by the Mohant against the four persons, whom he accuses of having stolen the treasure out of the pots, was referred to the police for investigation and they have now put in an occurrence report on perusal, of which I say it is essentially necessary to adjourn the present case on public grounds. It may be said the two cases are not similar, but they are so intimately connected with each other, that I can see no other course open but to adjourn the present inquiry."

Complainant's counsel strongly objected to the adjournment and asked the Magistrate to make his order in writing, which the latter said he would. Eventually the hearing was adjourned to the 4th November, Chendragiri, the nearest place to Tripati, whence the largest number of witnesses come namely, 43, being fixed as the place of meeting. Among the witnesses present for examination some had come from Bombay, Oudh and other distant places. Special interpreters and translators from Bombay were also in attendance. The records of the case are very voluminous, making up three good cartloads.

During the great festival at Tripati the Mohant, who as usual conducted the ceremonies, was accorded a popular ovation, the pilgrims loudly cheering him.

DAILY EXPORTS.—OCTOBER 12.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Kirby Hall s—55 bales wool, Kika Khoosal; 64 bales wool, E D Sassoon and Co; 15 cases condiments, M Poonjajee and Sons; 20 bales wool, N Khatow; 3 bales silk waste, A Blascheck and Co.
Nubia s,—20 bales goat hairs, S Rahimbhoy.
Kt of St John s,—76 bales cotton, C Dewsee; 2,000 cwts wheat, Killick Nixon and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Clan Munroe s,—1,400 cwts wheat, D Sassoon and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Kt Errant s,— 500 cwts wheat, J Fachiri; 30 cwts cloves, J Damoder; 3,228 cwts castorseeds, 4,000 cwts wheat, and 250 cwts castorseeds, Ralli Brothers.

FOR HAVRE.

Iran s—200 cwts rapeseeds, E Spinner and Co.

FOR GENOA.

D Balduino s—1,280 cwts wheat, Ralli Brothers; 3,000 cwts teaseeds, and 800 cwts wheat J. L. Kersten.

FOR VENICE.

Poseidon s—2,000 cwts linseeds, A Blascheck and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Gwalior s—260 bales twist, N B Mody and Co; 60 cases sharkfins, C Ebram; 75 bales twist, Finlay Muir and Co; 25 bales twist, S Mills Co., Ld; 9 cases gum, 4 cases jardaloo, and 3 cases peacock feathers, H M Khutsey; 50 bales twist, R S Woonwalla and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Gwalior s—20 bales twist, J Peerbhoy.

FOR KOBE.

Gwalior s—100 bales twist, Finlay Muir and Co; 35 bales twist, S Mills Co, Ld; 51 cases gum, M M Esabhoy; 125 bales twist, T G Hill and Co.

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THE KARACHI HARBOUR.

THE statement to the effect that "a new bar of a serious character has, since the burst of the monsoon, formed outside the old bar of Karachi," naturally excited the attention of the authorities here, writes the *Sind Gazette*, and the Commissioner in Sind called for a report from the Chairman of the Karachi Port Trust upon the subject of the alleged touching of the vessels leaving the harbour on the 20th, 21st and 22nd of August, and the alleged formation of the new bar at the entrance channel. In pursuance of those instructions, very full reports were furnished by the Port Officer and Port Engineer, and from these documents we gather the following information.

The s. s. Branksome Hall, while leaving the port on the 19th August with a draught of 24'3" forward, and 24'11" aft, touched the ground at the outer end of the entrance to the harbour. The Captain of the vessel had been warned by the Port Officer and the pilot against loading to that draught at that season, during the neap-tides then prevailing, and was fully aware of the great risk he was running in loading to such a draught. The s. s. Saint Regulus completed loading on the 20th August, drawing 24'2," on an even keel. Her Commander was warned that the vessel was too deep. He, however, aplied for a pilot to take the vessel to sea, but on the advice of the Port Officer that he would be running a great risk in going out that day, for the reasons mentioned above, he remained at the wharf that day and proceeded to sea the next day. This vessel also touched the ground when leaving at the same place as the Branksome Hall. The s. s. Khalif completed her loading on the 20th August, drawing 25'3" even keel, and on being taken to sea, touched the ground. None of the Cap ains of the vessels reported having touched the ground on leaving the port, and no damage has been reported to have been sustained by them. The existence of a small shoal to westward of the channel entrance, to be dealt with directly the season allows of the dredger working over it, has been known to the Board, and recently a new chart of the entrance channel has been made by the Port Engineer, showing the results of trips made by the "Sounding Carriage," towed by a steam-barge. This apparatus consists of a small framed platform mounted on three large and very broad wheels or rollers, which run over the bottom of the sea, carrying a large pole graduated in feet which projects far above the surface of the water, and of which the position and levels at suitable intervals as it passes along are ascertained by instruments on shore, thus obtaining a profile of the bottom without any hindrance by the monsoon swell, which at the time did not allow of ordinary soundings. Altogether, 8 lines were taken by the "sounding carriage," of which four were run over the locality of the supposed serious shoal. The chart thus constructed sufficiently disposes of the *Times of India* report, as only the usual slight shoaling is apparent here and there, nowhere exceeding 9 inches to a foot, on the site of the supposed shoal, which can be easily removed by dredging after the monsoon. The soundings show no extension of the small shoal patch to westward of the channel entrance. It appears that on the 19th August, when the Branksome Hall left, high water registered only 6 feet 10 inches above datum, exactly corresponding with the prediction of the tide-tables, and that the anemometer registered during the previous two days a velocity of wind greatly over the usual average of the season, by which the extraordinary heavy sea may probably be accounted for. The Port Officer sums up the results of a very careful examination as completely satisfying him that no serious shoaling has taken place. Slight shoaling, which is usual and to be expected after the monsoon season, has taken place, and the little there is can easily be removed by dredging. It may be remarked that the s. s. Indra, drawing 25'3," left on the 29th August and did not touch, and the s. s. Amana, drawing 25' which left on the 2nd August, did not touch, clearly showing that the incidents of the touching of the steamers named above on the 19th, 20th, and 21st of that month were exceptional, and due to the coincidence of the very heavy sea with the neap-tides.

The present condition of the harbour, one arrived at by a long and continuous course of improvement, which has been in progress for thirty years, is due mainly to the designs of Mr. Walker, C. E., and Mr. Parkes, C. E., whose scheme of works commenced in 1860, has been ever since most consistently and skilfully carried out by the present Port Engineer, Mr. W. H. Price, M. I. C. E.

Orders were issued early in 1860 for the execution of the works as under—the Keamari Groyne, the Napier Mole bridge, the Native Jetty and Quay, the New Channel, and the Chinna Creek stoppage. These works were continued till December 1863, when orders were received to postpone the stoppage of the Chinna Creek, which was just about to be completed. This was in consequence of Mr Parke's opinion that the increased scour, which resulted from the construction of the Keamari groyne, which had been then finished six months, should be allowed time to deepen the entrance to such an extent that any possible small temporary deposit should not be injurious. Mr. Walker died in 1862, and Mr. Parkes, who had been deputed by Mr. Walker to survey the Karachi harbour in 1858, and to report on it generally with respect to Mr. Walker's proposals, was consulted by the Secretary of State in 1863 regarding the scheme which had met with persistent opposition on the part of Colonel C. W. Tremenheere, R. E., Chief Engineer in Sind. Mr. Parkes visited Karachi in 1864, and submitted a further report with his recommendations. He again visited Karachi in 1868 and, after a full re-consideration of the whole subject, he reported his conclusions as to the effect of the works already executed and his recommendations as to future proceedings. Mr. Parkes was appointed Consulting Engineer for the Karachi Harbour Works for five years from September 1868. The questions at issue between Colonel Tremenheere and Mr. Parkes were ultimately referred by the Secretary of State for India to Messrs. Stevenson of Edinburgh, Harbour engineers, who reported that on the evidence laid before them, they came to the conclusion that Colonel Tremenheere's fears as to the ultimate success of the designs of Mr. Walker were well founded. Accordingly, in April 1866, the Secretary of State ordered that the works should be stopped. At that time, however, all the works sanctioned, excepting the Deep-water-Point removal, which had been in progress three years, had been completed. The Government of India acquiesced in the decision of the Secretary of State. In 1866, the Government of Bombay called for and received a report from a local Committee convened at Karachi which was favourable to the prosecution of the designs of Messrs. Walker and Parkes. This report was forwarded to the Secretary of State by the Bombay Government, with the suggestion that a further reference to Messrs. Stevensons should be made. The Secretary of State, however, did not adopt this recommendation, but in 1867 referred the question back to the Government of Bombay, and that Government in January 1868 advised the resumption of the works designed by Mr. Walker. The works were resumed in the early part of 1869, a memorable year in the history of the Karachi Harbour Works, for it marks the epoch when the harbour improvements had produced their most beneficial results. In July 1875, the Government of Bombay in forwarding surveys and reports connected with the works, also submitted a communication from the Superintendent, regarding the injurious action said to have been in progress in certain parts of the harbour, and the then Minister of Public Works, Major-General Sir Andrew Clarke, R. E., considered that the time had come, when not only was it necessary to obtain some tangible benefit for the large sums of public money that had been expended on the harbour, but the construction of the Indus Valley Railway then approaching completion, was calculated to bring a large increase of trade, demanding increased facilities for entering the port, and more conveniences for the shipping lying within it. The Government of India, accordingly, on Sir Andrew Clarke's recommendation, decided that a Committee should be appointed to take the matter into consideration, and to ensure the subject being properly investigated. The prosecution of the enquiry was entrusted to Colonel Wilkins, R.E., whose report, full of valuable and interesting information regarding the harbour, has been the basis of the subsequent proceedings. Within the last two years, as our readers are aware, an immense stimulus to the improvements in the harbour has been afforded by the large loans sanctioned by the Government of India. In point of fact, the progress of the harbour has outstripped the advance made in the perfecting of the communications; and for the further development of the port, it is these last that now call for our closest attention, and most strenuous exertions. But there is one point brought forward in Sir Andrew Clarke's minute on the Karachi harbour, which it will be well to bear in mind at this time. "I have arrived," he wrote, "at the opinion that better and more permanent results can be secured by well-devised and continuous dredging, than can be obtained by any of the other means suggested." The wisdom and accuracy of this opinion will not be disputed by any practical authority on the subject, yet the Government of Bombay has, we understand, withheld the annual grant for dredging purposes, a point of economic folly which cannot fail to hamper the effects of the harbour authorities.

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THE NEW COURSE OF MUSKETRY.

THE *Standard*, in commenting upon the new course of musketry in the Native Army in India, expresses approval of the reform. It goes on to say :—

Every competent person admits that until quite lately the system of musketry instruction in the home Army was most defective, and even that individual marksmen were taught to shoot at marks as unlike anything they would see on the side of an enemy as could be devised. They would have to meet living beings showing as little of themselves as possible, and, when in front line, those living creatures would never be at rest, and hardly ever fully exposed. Yet the targets which the men were taught to fire at were stiff, wooden erections, showing the whole of their surface, marked with bull's eyes, and totally at rest. To this day the chief prizes to be won by the Volunteers at the Annual Meeting just concluded are given for such shooting as this—admirable of its kind, but as unlike anything which the soldier has to do in war as can be conceived. We are far from saying that a National pastime of this sort is not highly valuable in its way, and deserving of every encouragement. All we assert is that it is not only unlike war shooting, but almost antagonistic to it; and this has been recognised at Hythe, where the military instruction has succeeded in finding for itself other and more practical channels in India the material of the Native Army is, on the whole, of inferior metal; there is no great national organisation like that which has now to say good-bye to Wimbledon, and therefore, no extraordinary standard of accurate shooting. Hence, perfection is unattainable at one end of the scale, while the influence of that perfect individual training at home has had a detrimental effect on the service firing in India. The worst of all such false ideals among soldiers is that a class of officers is produced which pins its faith to the wrong system, and so we get in time a large number of minds crystallised into wrong shape. Hythe has grown greatly in practical wisdom within the last few years, and without a doubt pays infinitely greater attention than it used to do to Service requirements in shooting; yet Sir F. Roberts seems to challenge the present order of things when he points to the careful individual training in slow shooting as positively antagonistic to the practical necessities of war. Hythe will probably reply that it knows how to combine the two, and that considering the extraordinary standard set up at Wimbledon, and improved upon during these many years, it cannot be suffered that the Regular infantry soldiers should even appear to be at a great disadvantage when compared with his comrades of the Volunteers, and some of the crack shots of civil life. The fact is that it is all a question of degree. Hythe goes far now-a-days in the direction of practical Service shooting. Sir F. Roberts says that, so far as he is concerned, the Native Army in India must go further still.

The decision of all such questions must be referred to the arbitrament of war itself, one thing being, however, certain. Without doubt, all decisive results will be obtained by collective fire though there may be cases in which accurate individual fire will also tell. We are inclined to think that the responsible officials in India rather underrate the progress that has been made at Hythe; but on the other hand, we most sincerely believe, and have often expressed the opinion, that the war training of the Regular Army in shooting has hitherto, or until lately, been quite insufficient, while the Volunteers shine by the reflected brilliancy of a few highly-skilled marksmen, rather than by the steady glow of a good average among the mass. Sir F. Roberts deeply impressed with the possibility that the troops he commands may have to take the field against a trained enemy, cannot afford to be satisfied with glitter. If he is right, it is pretty sure that the ordinary training of the Volunteers is insufficient in all that relates to war, for their chief work is individual and not collective. Colonel Tongue, the present energetic Commandant at Hythe, while he speaks most enthusiastically of the progress now being made, has still to lament a lack of such results as might have been hoped for in field-firing among regiments, and even a certain apparent indifference to be subject. If this is not a mere temporary difficulty—if, in short, the very careful individual teaching has the effect of belittling the much more important training for the field—there is no doubt that we are not yet in the right path. Perhaps the Commandant at Hythe would point to the results which are achieved there with the selected men sent to him, and worked upon with assiduity by a staff of first-rate Instructors. But this, again, would be taking the pick of the Forces as if they were an average sample, and we might be all the time in a fool's paradise. The most important point is to obtain the highest possible average amount of skill throughout all the Forces in exactly that kind of practical shooting which would be most useful in war. In the field it matters little what this, that, or the other man can do when he has all the conditions in his favour—a state of things which will never occur; but rather what a whole company will do in its mass fire, and, further-more, it is to be desired that one company and one battalion should be just about as capable as another company or battalion. If this is achieved by the home system, and if that system is equally applicable to the Militia and Volunteers, we have nothing to learn. If, on the contrary, there is still too large an amount of individual training, if the attraction of Wimbledon shooting and Wimbledon prizes sheds too complete a glamour over our military system, the sooner the fact is recognised the better. The Native Army in India seems, according to Sir F. Roberts, to need a change in its training, and while as individuals we would not for an instant compare our Volunteers to native troops, it is certain that so far as time for practice is concerned, the natives have the best of it.

THE TERRIBLE LANDSLIP IN QUEBEC.

A TELEGRAM from Quebec on the day the mail left England says :—A large mass of rock became detached last night from Dufferin-terrace, and fell upon the residences two hundred feet below, completely crushing them. Thirteen dead bodies and twenty persons have been recovered. Fifty persons are still believed to be buried beneath the ruins.

The Quebec correspondent of the *Central News* gives the following account of the disaster :—Late last night a portion of the rocky face of Dufferin's Bluff, one of the grey heights near the citadel, suddenly fell, wrecking several houses situated at its base. Some of the buildings were entirely buried by the masses of rock. Rescue parties were at once organised, and up to midnight nineteen dead bodies and sixteen persons very severely wounded had been extricated. It is believed that fully twenty others are lying beneath the mass of fallen debris, and no effort is being spared to get at these at the earliest moment. The victims are mostly of the poorer classes. Similar falls of rock at this bluff occured in 1841 and 1852, but the people failed to take the lesson to heart, and continued to build at the foot of the heights.

The Exchange Telegraph Company's special correspondent at Ottawa telegraphing this afternoon, says :—It is estimated that two hundred persons are entombed by the landslip. The most heroic efforts are being made by a strong force of soldiers and civilians to rescue those who are buried in the enormous debris. Most appalling scenes are observable on every side.

THE following are the traffic receipts of the Indian Midland Railway for the week ending Oct. 5th :—Merchandise, Rs. 24 311; passenger and other earnings, Rs. 24,532; total Rs. 48,843; corresponding period last year, Rs. 10,360; increase, Rs. 38,483.

ALL anxiety about famine in Ganjam is now happily passed away. The ragi harvest has been nearly completed, and the prospects of the paddy harvest are reported as very favourable. Distress has consequently much abated, and only nine deaths from cholera occurred in the week ending the 5th instant.

THE Amir's wife, the grand-daughter of Mir Waiz, bore a child to the Amir recently; and to celebrate the occasion the Amir released some prisoners in Turkistan, and distributed money in charity. Illuminations took place throughout the cities of Afghanistan for three days.

IN Calcutta there will be held a Provincial Social Congress for the Lower Provinces after the next Provincial Political Congress has concluded its sittings.

A NOTABLE event has just occurred at Patiala. After a minority of thirteen years the Maharaja, a young man of eighteen, has assumed the reins of government. A durbar was held on the morning of the 10th, at which the official communication from the Punjab Government, conferring the powers of a ruling chief, was read. The Maharaja then addressed the durbar in an excellent speech, the tone of which augurs well for the reign just begun. His

THE HUMOURS OF PARIS.

THE decline and fall of an ex-Parisian *rivenr* named Savary, who has just died in the back woods of Canada, furnishes, writes the Paris correspondent of the *Daily Telegraph*, a striking example of the evil results of "vaulting ambition," and would supply many a moralist and preacher with another illustration of the deep truth contained in the venerable precept which sets forth that "honesty is the best policy." Had Charles Savary chosen to work hard in an honourable calling, he might still be enjoying life as a useful and eminently respectable member of society. He commenced as a barrister, was an able debater, and an elegant writer of the Prevost-Paradol school; and at a comparatively early stage of his career he attracted the notice of M. Emile Olivier, Minister of Napoleon III., who commissioned him to prepare a long report on the Councils-General. After Sedan Savary turned his tongue and pen against the Empire. Always on the look-out for gain and glory, he enlisted under the standard of the Comte de Chambord, then joined the adherents of the Comte de Paris, and finally went over bag and baggage to the Republican Left. As a Republican he obtained considerable success by reason of his attacks on his old friends and patrons, the Bonapartists. Savary married a wealthy wife, entered Parliament, founded a newspaper and became a financier. His chariots and horses were among the finest in the Bois: his friends were numerous, and his influence, both as a politician and a financier, was considerable, when, in an evil moment, he embarked in unlucky speculations, lost £60,000 in one year, and then the descent of the easy slope began. In order to recover his position he borrowed, gambled, and cheated; was discovered in a cafe with a married woman, whose husband fired several shots at him. Savary, however, escaped ignominiously by a back-door. The affair not only caused great scandal, but was heartily laughed at, and the disgraced ex-Deputy left France for ever. In Canada he obtained employment as a clerk in a bank and afterwards as a journalist, but for some time past his whereabouts was unknown to his friends in Paris until lately, when they were apprised of his death, which occurred before he had time, like other Parisian *vivours*, to rehabilitate himself for eventual return to the Boulevards.

The French statistician is at it again. He is irrepressible. His latest calculations have reference to the amount of food consumed by an average man of seventy years of age. According to the statistician, who backs his figures to be better than those of any other arithmetician who may compete with him, the septuagenarian of fair health and moderate appetite consumed during his long existence twenty lorry or railway wagon loads of food. For 25,550 days that quantity would yield a diurnal consumption of 3 *kilos* 200 *grammes*,—a *kile* being equivelent to two pounds avoirdupois—during manhood, and two *kilos* and a half during youth. In this calculation no account is taken of the gastronomic feats of the *gross mangeurs* who put away more than four kilos of food every day and who would laugh to scorn the weak *coup de fourchette* of people whom the statistician has regarded as units in his latest compilation of facts and figures.

A very worthy, but rather queer gentleman, the Count de Neuville, who is always to the front in hot political times, is just now diligently engaged going about Paris inscribing a distich on the placards of the electoral candidates. The verses refer to the Count's opinion that the candidates are like melons, fifty of which must be tried before a good one can be found. For some time the estimable Count has had the full credit of the composition of the distich, which was not only neatly-turned, but thoroughly appropriate to the matters to which it referred. Now the Count has been deprived of his mural glory, for an extremely erudite and painstaking person has been kind enough to point out that the wily nobleman has simply plagiarised Claude Mermet, a Lyons bard of the sixteenth century. This discovery, however, will by no mean interfere with the political energy of the plagiarist who, doubtless, will be frequently seen and heard on the Boulevards during the progress of the Elections.

The paternal relatives of young *ingenues* have, according to all accounts come out well during the season. They have succeeded the mammas in the duty of *tapisserie*, or acting the part of guides and guardians to the youthful divinities while these were engaged in the cotillon, the waltz, or the quadrille. Mothers have been, in fact, tremendously overworked at this business, particularly since Lent and the Easter revival of gaiety, when young ladies waltzed every night at a terrible pace. Papa, too has come out nobly. Animated with conjugal and paternal solicitude he even went to the culminating pitch of self-denial which consists in foregoing the pleasure and comfort of his club in order to relieve his better half of the maternal duty of watching over the daughter until the last cotillon was danced and the crowning supper was consumed. It was high time, indeed, that Paterfamilias did so, for philanthropic social philosophers were beginning to organise a campaign against *surmenage maternel*, just as they had done when the outcry about the intellectual overwork of children was raised.

The new religion which was ventilated during the recent International Congress of Spiritists and Spiritualists has been lost sight of in the reports of the assembly, but it deserves a few lines as a novelty. It is a compound of Judaism and Christianity, and its apostle is a priest, the Abbe Rocca, who has been suspended by his bishop as being heretical, but who, like Pere Hyacinthe, insisted that he did not want to leave the real true Church as it existed according to his own lights and convictions. The Abbe appeared at the Congress in a semi-ecclesiastical costume, and while most of the speakers were curtailed he was allowed full leave and license to pound away with his exposition of doctrine, and his terrible fulminations against what he called the Vatican-Christ. According to the Abbe every man was an involuntary Christ, a deity in fact. There was a Christ-medium, St. Paul, St. Luke, and the Prophet Isaiah being also of that order. Spiritists, he contended, could well afford to adopt this religion of the general Christ, since it was in consonance with their doctrines. The Abbe was much applauded; not, however, on account of the intrinsic merits of his exposition of the religion, which he is trying to run in opposition to old established creeds, but by reason of his attacks on the Vatican which seemed to tickle the fancy of his auditors. Among the more humorous phrases of the congress was the "confession" of a Spiritist, who averred that he believed in psychological and physical dualism because on one occasion he left his wife at home and suddenly met her shortly afterwards on the Champ de Mars. The confession of faith and the logic which led up to it caused cachinnation loud and prolonged, even among the most serious members of the congress.

The most amusing literary pabulum provided for the Parisian public just now is that, which is visible on the public buildings and dead walls of the city, and the authors of which are candidates for the Elections of next Sunday. A good deal of this mural literature is of course of the *fumiste* order, but it is none the less laughter-provoking, and helps idlers and loafers who aimlessly perambulate around the metropolis all day to pass many an amusing, if not profitable, half-hour. One of the most original of the candidates has not posted his personal recommendations and political offers on the walls, but traverses the city as an amateur sandwichman, carrying on his hat, back and breast an address to the electors of Paris and France. The amateur sandwichman's placards proclaim that he is not able to afford the cost of bill sticking, so he circulates his own literature. His "profession of faith" announces, that if he be returned to Parliament, he will do his best to bring about a solution of the great social question, and will endeavour to procure for every Frenchman a fine fat fowl or a small equivalent. Another candidate, M. Chapard, who "takes to the walls," promises to bring in a Bill for the utilisation of the water falls of the River Seine. M. Dare, a workingman candidate precedes his address with his own biography of which it is duly set forth that he is the seventh son of a farmer, that he has been a clerk in a factory, a dabbler in the law, the inventor of a rapid velocipede, the framer of a new method of voting for the Senate and the Chamber, and finally, a dramatic author whose *magnum opus*, entitled, *The Fruit of the Intelligence* has not yet been put upon the stage, owing to the natural ignorance and imbecility of theatrical managers. A worthy called Brilleux wants everybody to be taught classics and mathematics, as the dissemination of high-class education among "dukes and dustmen, statesmen and scavengers" alike is the only panacea for the evils of society. The eminent Brilleux concludes his address with a promise to go in for the absolute abolition of taxes, and for a volunteer army. The most cynical *fumiste*, however, of all the candidates is Maxime Lisbonne, the Communist innkeeper of Montmarte, who has not neglected the opportunity of having a personal and professional puff. Lisbonne comes out with large-sized brick-red posters, in which he announces himself as *Candidate Concussionaire honnete*, under the patronage of the revolutionary fried potatoes which he offers for sale in his tavern. General Boulanger, it will be remembered, was found guilty by the High Court of *concussion* or peculation, but Maxime Lisbonne, ex-political convict and now champion concocter of refreshing drinks and revolutionary fried potatoes, is presumably to be an honest peculator who will only take what he can get.

Another remarkable swell-swindler of the "first water" has just come to grief in Paris. He is put down on the police records as one M. Albert, but his real name is not published, as he is "a disgrace to a good family." Albert, after having squandered two or three fortunes in the companionship of an actress was reduced to extremities. He accordingly founded a species of longfirm establishment, and obtained valuable goods from silk merchants. By these dishonest transactions he realised a considerable amount of money, but being dissatisfied with his gains he resolved to make raids on the wealthiest and most dazzling of the members of the Parisian *demi-monde* in the assumed character of a police commissary. By this means he could confiscate articles of value belonging to the frail females, and thus realise handsome profits. Unfortunately for himself, Albert selected as his confederates in the business three men whom he had known as *cafe* friends, and upon whom he thought that he could rely. These men were in reality police spies. They agreed to accompany Albert in his raids, and, as soon as they had clear proof of his guilt, they turned round and had him arrested just as he was leaving the rooms of a mercenary "magnetiser" of opulent adults and members of the gilded youth. Albert tried to discharge his "bulldog" at his false friends, but after thus aggravating his crimes he was marched off under a strong escort to the Tribunal of Justice.

NOTICES.

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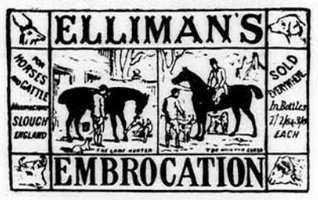

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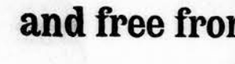

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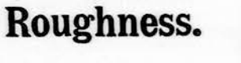

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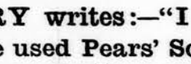
"They come as a boon and a blessing to men,  The Pickwick, the Owl, and the Waverley Pen."
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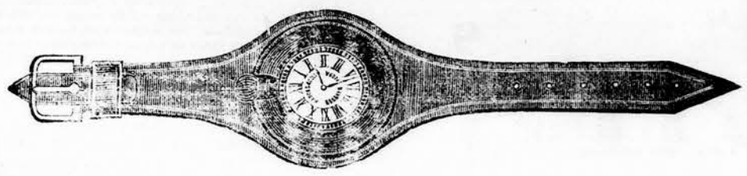

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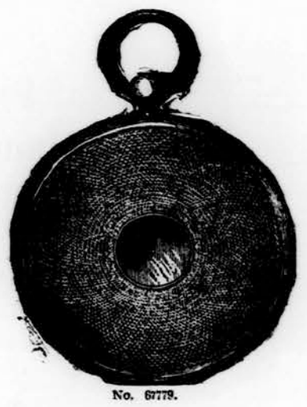

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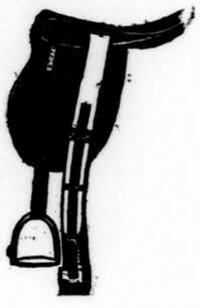

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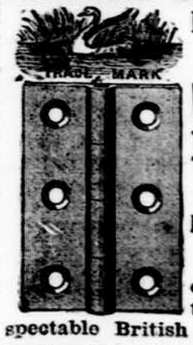

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